WANTS
ONE CENT
ONE WORD
ONE ISSUE
THE COLONIST.

The Daily Colonist.

THE LARGEST AND BEST selected stock of :: :: :: Chemicals and Toilet Articles in the Province at CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE, cor. Fort and Douglas Sts. INSPECTION INVITED.

VOL LXXIII.---NO. 89. VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA TUESDAY MARCH 26 1895. THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

THE CZARINA

Is the latest design in Ladies' Buckles. We have received a choice selection, with other choice ornaments. See our display windows. Of course you'll like them.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

47 Government Street, opp. Bank of B.C.

THE "ORIGINAL" PACKAGE TEA.

JOSEPH TETLEY & CO'S TEAS

IN LEAD PACKETS.

Fragrant! Delicious!

THREE QUALITIES:

Gold Label ....$1.00 per lb.
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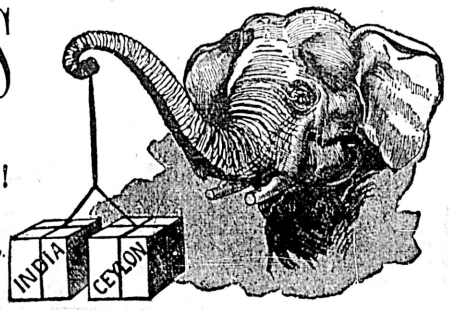

RETAILED BY ALL GROCERS.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

JUST ARRIVED.

A Carload of Confectionery.
A Carload of Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.
100 Cases Australian Creamery Butter.
Bonaparte Seed Potatoes

SIMON LEISER & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

1-7 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

FOR SALE. . .

SALMON BELLIES in Half Barrels and Kits.
SALMON (NIMPKISH) in Cases, Barrels and Hf. Barrels.
CLAMS (ALERT BAY) in Cases and Half Cases.
OOLACHANS in Kits and Half Kits.
CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER in Small Kegs.

—ALSO—

A GENERAL STOCK OF GROCERIES AT LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES

THOMAS EARLE, WHARF STREET, CITY.

BUY LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY'S WORLD-FAMOUS

Corned Beef . . .
Roast Beef . . .
Lunch Tongues.
Etc., etc . . . . . .

NOT DEARER THAN OTHERS, BUT BETTER.
jal

PEOPLE WANT GOOD MILK

IF THEY ONLY KNOW WHERE TO GET IT.

"Reindeer Brand"

CONDENSED MILK

Recommended by the Highest Medical Analysts.

LAYRITZ'S NURSERY.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees,
Roses, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Etc.

Large stock of healthy plants, without insect pests. Send for descriptive price list at once or come and see for yourself.

R. LAYRITZ,
mr3-d1m-w2t Carey Road, Victoria, B.C.

SEE the beautiful Suitings and Pantings just arrived at Thomas & Grant's. mr24-2t

MUSICAL CARD.

Mr. W. Edgar Buck, (formerly pupil of Manuel Garcia, London, Eng.,) Professor of Voice Culture and Singing, (Italian method), will receive a limited number of pupils during the months of April, May and June, at special rates, viz.: 1 lesson weekly, $5 per month; 2 lessons weekly, $8 per month; payable monthly. Apply Waitt's Music Store. mr24-1m

DANCE—The B. C. Society of Spiritualists will hold their annual dance on Wednesday evening, March 27th, in the A.O.U.W. hall, Yates street. Tickets including supper, 50 cents. A limited number will be sold by the members. mr24-2t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A girl as general servant in small family, wages $10. Apply at 128 Richardson street. mr26-2t

WANTED—To rent a furnished house, neighborhood of Oak Bay or Cadboro Bay Road preferred. Address I.G.A., Colonist office. mr26-3t

WANTED—Valet, knowledge of horses preferred; good salary to suitable person. Captain G., Colonist office. mr26-1t

WANTED—Lad, good milker, make himself useful; country; good home. X, Colonist office. mr26-2t

FOR SALE—Fine corner residence, James Bay, first class for physician; cheap, and on easy terms. Address A.D., room 22 Vernon Block, Douglas street. mr26

FOR SALE CHEAP—Thirty tons of new and second hand iron, various sizes; 4 tons of ⅝ and ¾ chain, 6 tons of bolts, from ½ to 1½ inches; all lengths; 100 boom chains, ⅝, ¾, ⅞ and 1 inch, also 1 large derrick. Ontario Wagon Shop, William Powell. mr26-1t

FOR SALE—House and lot cheap, Victoria West; or exchange for vacant lot. Address E., Colonist office. mr26-2t

TO-LET—Furnished sunny front room in private family; breakfast if required. Apply 18 Young street, James Bay. mr26 5t

HOUSE TO RENT—Nine roomed house on brick foundation, with spacious basement cellar; lot 35x124, on Upper Pandora st., house is nearly new. Apply D., Pemberton & Son, Fort street. mr26

SINGLE TAX CLUB entertainment at Temperance hall, Wednesday, 27th. Lecture by Wm. Beeridge, on the "Three Taxations." Chair taken at 8 p.m. by Ald. Macmillan. mr26 1t

TO RENT—Three and three quarter acres, all clear land, fenced; with new house, on Cedar Hill Road. Apply Lee & Fraser, 11 Trounce Avenue. mr26-1t

OUR Cambridge sausage is made in Victoria, no need to buy Vancouver sausage. 12½c per pound, 10 pounds $1. Don't make any mistake in the shop. No. 5 City Market. Robt. Eccles & Son. mr26-1t

NOTICE—For Sale—Loam, sand, gravel and manure; plowing done at reasonable rates. Inquire 145 Fort street or 222 Yates street. mr26-6t

THE LATEST.

Almond Milk Complexion Soap

Twenty-five cents a cake.

JOHN COCHRANE,
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST, COR. YATES AND DOUGLAS STS.

DRESS-MAKING.

MISS McGIBBON

(Formerly of the White House) after an extended visit among the Eastern cities, has returned to Victoria, and will be pleased to meet all former patrons at her

Residence and Dress-Making Parlors, 2 Amelia Street, near Pandora.

After Monday, 1st April. mr26 tf

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

OFFICE AND SALESROOMS, - - - 37 AND 39 YATES ST.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

AUCTION SALE

At Salesrooms,
Nos 37 and 39 YATES STREET
(Next to Bank of British North America)
On Wednesday, March 27, at 11 o'clock.

We will sell on account of whom it may concern,

GROCERIES.

Cases green peas (in tins), cherries, egg plums, green gages; boxes layer raisins, dates, prunes, tobacco, fine green and black teas (in 5-lb caddies), Gillons & Ross' lime juice, raspberry vinegar, brandy claret, ale, etc. The case goods are all first-class, 12 tubs butter, to close account.

MISCELLANEOUS

Furniture, bedroom sets, card table, office stools, child's crib, chairs, carpets, mats, table covers, table linen, lace curtains, blankets, quilts and comforters, chenille portieres, hose and Turkish towels, fancy glassware crockery, lamps, oil paintings and frames, etc.

Terms at sale

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.,
mr26 Auctioneers.

LICENSING COURT.

The Board of Licensing Commissioners will sit on Wednesday next, the 27th instant, at 2.30 p m., in the Police Court, City Hall.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B C., March 25th, 1895. mr26

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the British Columbia Southern Railway Company will be held at 45 Fort street, Victoria, B.C., on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of April, A.D. 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the election of directors and the transation of business generally.

mr26-1d J. A. GEMMILL, Secretary.

W. T. HARDAKER,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

—OF—

Valuable Furniture and Effects

ON FRIDAY, 29th MARCH.

Particulars later.
Office and salerooms, 77-81 Douglas street.

SHORT NOTICE OF SALE.

AUCTION

OF VALUABLE

FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

—ON—

Thursday, March 28th at 2 p.m.

Particulars to-morrow.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
mr23 Leading Auctioneers.

New Advertisements Continued on Page Eight

BISMARCK'S BIRTHDAY.

The Iron Chancellor's Patriotic Address to the Deputations Received at His Forest Home.

Parliamentary Factions Advised to Bury Their Dissensions and to Be Always Germans.

FRIEDRICHSRUHE, March 25 —Prince Bismarck received the members of the Prussian diet and many members of the reichstag to-day. The members of the Prussian lower house were the first to arrive. They were welcomed by Count Herbert Bismarck, who asked them to wait at the station for the arrival of the members of the upper house. Suddenly there was a cry of "Bismarck comes," and to the surprise of all the old Chancellor appeared upon the platform unexpectedly and contrary to the programme. The Prince was attired in a full general uniform with cuirass and helmet. He wore a long grey cloak and carried a walking stick, though he did not use it. He walked erect and with a firm step, and was attended by his chief forester, Don Lange and Count Stolberg. Prince Bismarck was driven to the castle, the members walking. The entire delegation assembled around the terrace facing the lawn. Count Stolberg, Her von Koeller, the Prussian minister of the interior, and President Von Levetzow walked through the castle to the terrace, where each made a short speech of congratulation.

Bismarck replied in a clear voice, "Accept my warmest thanks for the honor you have rendered me. It is to me the highest distinction to see such a noble assembly united here. I should be ashamed of the honor were it not for the work I have done, rather than my person only. The credit for the political results achieved I share with those co-operating with me, and above all with my greatly worshipped good master, now dead, under whom I worked so long."

Here the good ex Chancellor stopped speaking and cried bitterly, the assembly in the meantime being greatly affected. Regaining his composure somewhat the Prince resumed his remarks in a voice choked with emotion.

"What," he said, "could I have done without his aid and that of his powerful army? I would have stuck in the same bog that frustrated all previous attempts at German unity. Our dynasties, thank God, are still powerful in their countries (cheers), and especially the King of Prussia is able to put a powerful army into the service of the national interest. This was my aim at Frankfort-on-the-Main, and I have always followed it. Thanks to our Emperor William I and his federated sovereigns, more was done than diplomacy could do. If the Emperor had not ordered the mobilization of the armies in 1866 70, what would have become of Germany? Someone (meaning Professor Virchow) has said that my actions did not impress him well. He and his party never impressed me as adding strength to the country. The dynasties fought harder with each other than any of the parliamentary factions fought. We fought Bavaria and Saxony, yet when the need arose we grasped each others hands and marched together against our common foe. Among the parliamentary factions the dissension is deeper and more healing and common action seems excluded. Federal governments prove to be better for the people than parliamentary factions. With federated governments national interests are always above all other considerations. As long as we can rely upon this true national feeling of our Princes I shall not be alarmed for the future of the empire. I wish this feeling were more strongly expressed by the diets of the German states. The Prussians, the Bavarians, and the Saxons, though having different diets, are always Germans and not like the inhabitants of Sweden and Norway, distinct peoples. The diets ought to take a larger interest in the foreign policy. They ought to discuss what is known about the instructions a foreign minister receives and what he does. In the federal council the budget for salaries of foreign ministers always offers a chance for debating the foreign policy. This would tend to revive in the empire national feeling, which is not of late manifesting itself as strongly as I could wish.

"There is no doubt that there are people who labor under the erroneous impression that there are two separate and independent governments in Berlin. There is but one. I am sorry I cannot directly take part in the management of affairs." Here the ex-Chancellor was interrupted by shouts of "So are we." With a wave of his hand Prince Bismarck continued: "No, I am not well enough to co operate with you practically." (Cheers and cries of "Yes, you are.") "But my ideas are with you, perhaps more than is proper for an old man like myself. But I cannot help myself, I cannot drive away what has become an habitual interest through lifelong work. I cannot now express my feelings better than by impressing upon you, especially you members of the landtag, that you must hold fast to the national idea and remember that in Prussia also we do not follow the Brandenberg or Prussian policy, but the Imperial German policy. In this sense I call upon you for three cheers for the Kaiser." The cheers were given heartily.

When quiet was restored Prince Bismarck added: "I very much wish I was able to receive you all as my guests, but there is no room in my house. Although there is room in the narrowest hut for happy lovers, there is not room for 450." The concluding remarks of the ex-Chancellor were greeted with laughter, and he retired for luncheon with the presidents of the bodies represented.

Counts William and Herbert Bismarck and Count von Rantzau, the ex-Chancellor's son-in-law, were also present. The deputies departed for their homes on their special trains.

The Daily News correspondent in Berlin says: "The government has not yet decided how to act, but it is almost certain to take advantage of the first pretext to dissolve the reichstag before Easter.

Another line of Japanese rugs at Weiler Bros.' *

Garden syringes at Cheapside. *

HAWAII ACTING FAIRLY.

Steps to Test in the Courts the Constitutionality of Recent Deportations.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—(Special)—Ten days ago a man named Houk arrived in Vancouver, B.C., and represented himself as a lawyer sent by the Hawaiian government to look into the case pending between the three deported men, Cranston, Muller and Johnston, and the Canadian-Australian Steamship Company, whose vessel carried them away from Hawaii. Houk could not produce any papers substantiating his story and those who could give him information refused to do so.

A week later E. P. Davis, Q.C., who has the case for the steamship company, but practically for the Hawaiian government, got a letter from minister of foreign affairs Hatch advising him that Judge Advocate Kinney, prosecuting attorney in the late, court-martial at Honolulu would call on him. Judge Kinney's visit was kept so secret that, although he came by way of San Francisco, he had left Vancouver on his return before the nature of his visit was ascertained. He called upon one person only, lawyer Davis. He came to him armed with voluminous documentary evidence bearing upon the case in point, and said he had been sent by the Hawaiian government to the Coast for the purpose of mastering the details of the case. That government were so much interested that they had given him power to engage the best counsel obtainable to watch the case for them. If necessary they would carry the case to the privy council. They knew they had power to deport men at their pleasure and would have it so demonstrated by the courts. Further than that, they wished to prove the fairness of their cause so that the powers would not become unfriendly. They consider the claims of the men preposterous, as they want $5,000 each while they were barely eking out an existence in Honolulu previous to their being deported.

Lawyer Davis said that it is true there is an agreement between the Hawaiian government and the steamship company, but having seen the agreement he was satisfied it was not binding on the government.

CHANG'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Shot by An Escaped Jap But Not Dangerously Wounded—Further Military Operations.

LONDON, March 25.—The Central News correspondent in Tokio says that an attempt was made to assassinate Li Hung Chang in a street of Simonseki yesterday afternoon. Li was returning from the peace conference accompanied by several of his suite. A young Japanese ran up to him and fired a pistol in his face. The young man was seized and disarmed by the police. At the station house he gave his name as Koyama and his age as 21. The bullet entered below the eye.

Immediately he heard of the shooting the Emperor sent two of his principal surgeons to attend the Chinese envoy and also sent his principal aide-de-camp with messages from himself and the empress. The Japanese parliament passed a resolution deploring the attempt to assassinate Chang.

Li Hung Chang was reported late at night to be progressing favorably. The bullet penetrated the bone a third of an inch, but the wound, the surgeons now say, is not serious.

The parleying in regard to an armistice continues. Japan demands Shanhai Kwan and other unoccupied positions, and these demands have been yielded.

The Japanese forces succeeded in taking the Pescadore islands on March 24. The troops were landed and attacked the forts in the rear, where they were undefended, and carried them by assault.

LONDON, March 25.—The Times' correspondent in Kobe says that Korea has refused a Japanese loan to have been made on the condition of repayment in five years. The correspondent in Hongkong says that the Chinese are taking measures to defend Foochow, Amoy and Swatow. The rising in Muiluk is local and is not spreading. The harbors of Tamsui and Kellung, Formosa, are blocked with torpedoes.

CABLE NEWS.

William as a Painter.

BERLIN, March 25—Emperor William has sent to the academy an oil painting from his own hand. It is a marine piece, representing a combat of ironclads. Of course it is pronounced admissible. It will be sold to swell the charity fund at the charity bazaar opened this week under the patronage of the Empress.

Australia and the Currency.

SYDNEY, March 25.—The Australian colonies, except New South Wales and Queensland, have instructed their agents in London to urge upon Lord Ripon, of the colonial office, the desirability of an early meeting of the silver conference.

Absconder Arrested.

WASHINGTON, March 25. — Official information from St. Louis shows that Harry Smyth, who escaped from a California marshal at Little Rock, Ark., last November, has been arrested at St. Mary's, Ont. Smyth, it is alleged, has defrauded merchants out of $15,000 since his escape.

The Copyright.

LONDON, March 25.—Mr. Conway, chairman of the committee of the Society of Authors, will have in the Times to-morrow a reply to Mr. Lancefield's recent defence of Canadian copyright. After reproducing some of his former arguments, he says: "It will pay to undergo material expense to secure the United States market, but a much smaller expense to secure the Canadian market would not pay. Canada's retrograde action threatens to postpone indefinitely the only sound argument, namely, a universal copyright following a single publication anywhere."

He Libelled Oscar.

LONDON, March 25.—The grand jury has found a true bill against the Marquis of Queensberry for libelling Oscar Wilde.

Arrived new wall papers, Mellor's. *

The wall paper season has commenced. Those who are contemplating a "clean up" cannot do better than see Weiler's stock. *

CAPITAL NOTES.

Formation of a Company to Utilize Fraser Fish Offal—Large Prospective Profits.

A Profitable Bazaar — The Boys' Brigade—The Pending Cabinet Changes.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 25 —W. A. Smith, founder of the Boys' Brigade movement, addressed a gathering in the normal school hall this evening in its support. Lord Aberdeen, honorary president of the association, occupied the chair.

A bazaar held during the week past on behalf of the Ottawa amateur athletic association proved a great success, the sum of $2,500 being realized.

Hon. J. C. Patterson returned to-night. Hon. Dr. Montague will be sworn in as Secretary of State this week.

Ex-Mayor McLeod Stewart is interested in the organization of a company for the purpose of utilizing the fish waste and offal of the Fraser river. It will be organized by Mr. Pears, a friend of Mr. Stewart, in London, for the purpose of raising the necessary capital there. Competent authorities state that 400 tons of guano and 145 tons of fish oil can be derived from one thousand tons of residual matter and waste fish. The value of the product would be £3,775, while the cost of manufacture would amount to about £2,100, leaving a net profit of £1,675. The company will ask the Dominion for a grant of land on Lulu island for the purpose of erecting a factory thereupon.

The government steamer which has just visited Sable Island reports no wrecks during the past winter.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Vancouver's Unknown Dead.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—An old man aged about seventy was found dead in a shack on Oppenheimer street near midnight. The cause of death or his name has not yet been ascertained.

The Remedial Order.

WINNIPEG, March 25.—The remedial order on the school question is in the hands of the Lieutenant-Governor to-day, but will not be presented to the legislature until to-morrow.

C.P.R. Traffic.

MONTREAL, March 25.—The C.P.R. traffic for the week ending March 21 was $269,000. In the same week last year it amounted to $315,000.

A Batch of Nominations.

COBOURG, March 25.—The Conservatives of West Northumberland have re-nominated Guillot, the present member.

WALKERTON, March 25.—The Conservatives of East Bruce have re-nominated Henry Cargill, M.P.

KINGSTON, March 25.—Ald. Drennan, of Kingston, has been asked to contest Kingston as Independent Conservative for the Dominion parliament.

FORMOSA, March 25 —East Bruce Reformers have chosen Archibald Gillies, of Teeswater, to oppose Mr. Cargill. A Patron is also in the field.

RICHIBUCTO, March 25.—At a convention on Saturday Hon. O. J. Lebane, Liberal, was nominated to oppose George McInerny, the present member.

Drink and Jealousy.

TORONTO, March 25.—A shocking crime startled Jarvis street Sunday morning. The victims were John Bell and Sara H. Swallow, who had been living as man and wife and were found dead in bed. The heads of both were almost severed from their bodies. Bell had evidently killed the woman and then suicided. In the room were a couple of small children, four and six years old, playing with picture blocks, unconscious of the horror in the bed adjacent to them. They were the children of the woman's deceased husband. Bell had been drinking and was jealous.

TORONTO TOPICS.

The Premier Coming West—Revival Services—Confidence in Their Representative.

TORONTO, March 25 —(Special)—An Ottawa dispatch to the Mail and Empire says: "It is believed that in response to pressing invitations, the premier and a number of ministers, including possibly Hon. Messrs. Haggart and Dr. Montague, will after the close of the coming session visit the Pacific province and deliver addresses there.

Crossley and Hunter, the evangelists, commenced a series of meetings in Dundas street and Avenue Methodist churches yesterday with crowded congregations.

A meeting of the supporters of N. Clarke Wallace, comptroller of customs, was held at Weston on Saturday afternoon. The caucus was held with closed doors, but it has been learned that Mr. Wallace's past course in parliament was unanimously endorsed, and that a resolution was passed leaving his course for the future to his good judgment.

LONDON, March 25.—Leonard Courtney has positively withdrawn his candidacy for the speakership owing to the Unionists' resolution not to oppose the Conservative nominee, Sir Matthew Ridley, Lord Tweedmouth's brother-in-law.

To-day is our Millinery Opening, to which Ladies are respectfully invited.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE,
Yates street.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Three New Railroads for West Kootenay—Rivalry to the Kaslo-Slocan Line.

Oriental Lead Market—An Improvement to Navigation—Public Committee for Golden.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—The old cooperage near the sugar refinery was destroyed by fire on Sunday night. It was burned down before the alarm was sounded. The building was of little value and the loss not large.

The B.C.B.G.A. have held another successful battery smoker. The tug-of-war was the most interesting feature. In this contest the battery team was defeated by a team from the local football club. The boxing bouts were excellent, and the singing and music much better than usual.

The inspector of fruit pests and all the members of the board of horticulture who can be present will meet the public of Vancouver at the market hall on Tuesday next.

The church of Our Lady of the Rosary was dedicated on Saturday night. The ceremony was very impressive, the church being crowded.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 25.—Dewdney land owners will appoint a commission to devise means to repair the Hatzic dyke and build another extending from the slough along the river to Magar's Point.

The city Liberal-Conservative Association have appointed twenty-five delegates to the convention to be held shortly.

The commissioners of the board of horticulture will meet the fruit growers and citizens of Westminster on April 5. The committee report having had another very successful week among the farmers and fruit growers along the valley.

Revenue Tax Collector Fagan seized a quantity of potatoes from Ah Soon for non-payment of the revenue tax; Ah Soon took the matter before Judge Spinks, who gave judgment in his favor for $50 and costs.

REVELSTOKE.

(From the Kootenay Mail.)

Three new railways in West Kootenay, if not four, are likely to make good progress towards completion this year, even if they do not get into full operation. The Arrow Lake branch of the C.P.R. will, without a doubt, be extended from Wigwam to the Upper lake. Connecting there with the steamer for Nakusp, and thence by the Nakusp & Slocan railway to the Slocan mines, a regular shipment of ore can be made all winter without interruption. The Kaslo & Slocan railway is reported to be under contract for completion by the 1st of September. This line with its outlet on Kootenay lake will not only be a direct competing route for many of the mines now shipping via Nakusp, but will give transportation to many new mines so far not within the reach of railway or steamer. The wisdom of the legislature in withholding from the Red Mountain Railway Company an extension of its charter, as prayed for, will result in the immediate construction of the road, and perhaps a second line from the Columbia at Trail to the mines will be built by the C.P.R. It is entirely safe to say that had the extension been granted, not even one road would have been built this year. The mine owners of Trail creek can but be gratified that instead of no road at all, as might have been the case if the charter had been extended, they will now have one at least if not two railways entering their camp before the end of 1895

The paragraph in this issue relating to the market for silver in China, Japan and the Indies, from a San Francisco dispatch, deserves to be studied by the silver producers of this province. The precious mineral is certainly here in untold abundance; and the means of transportation by the Empress line of steamers from Vancouver, is shorter and better than by way of San Francisco. All that is wanting then is the smelting of the ores, the refining of the resulting bullion, and the enterprise to find a market for the product. There are smelters in the province at the present time. One at Pilot Bay is now turning out bullion, and two carloads have been already shipped to an American refinery. A smelter at Golden is waiting for a supply of ore; and the sampling works and smelter of the Kootenay Smelting Syndicate at Revelstoke can be very soon put in order to receive ore. It is not enough that B. C. ores should be smelted on this side of the boundary; the bullion should be refined here, and when the market is found for the silver and lead outside of the States, the mine owners will be benefited about $35 to the ton of ore. The market for silver and other countries at the west, belongs as much to ours as to any country if we show the enterprise that will enable us to get it. And as for our lead, we believe that China is the proper and even the natural place for its consumption, and will be just as soon as the monopolies and trade restrictions with which that country is shackled by Europe, can be broken.

The work of improving Kootenay rapids, for the benefit of steamer navigation, which has been going forward under the direction of Mr. F. C. Gamble, Dominion engineer, for some time, has now been practically finished. It consisted of about 1,000 feet of crib-work. The cribs are located on the edge of deep water to prevent steamers from drifting on the bar at places where the rapids are strong. If any further improvement is projected, it will doubtless be a deepening of the channel where rocks or the hard clay of the river bed need blasting out for the advantage of navigation in low water.

GOLDEN.

(From the Era.)

At a meeting of citizens held on Wednesday, March 20, a public committee of five was appointed "to look after the public interests, said committee to hold office for one year." A ballot resulted in Messrs. M. Dainard, W. McNeish, C. A. Warren, J. F. Armstrong and Captain Armstrong being elected. The committee will meet every Thursday.

James Pogue died on Friday, March 15, of heart failure; he was 30 years old.

The Fort Steele Mining Association of East Kootenay has been formed with Mr. Galbraith as president, and Mr. Thomas McVittie, J.P., C.E., P.L.S., secretary. The project has been discussed for some time, for it has become apparent to all those interested in the advancement of the country that something had to be done to bring to the notice of the outside world the numerous valuable mineral deposits that were lying idle for the want of capital to develop them.

NEW DENVER.

(From the Nakusp Ledge.)

Not many days ago a prominent C. P. R. official was visiting at Three Forks, and while there got into conversation with a business man who knows a thing or two about New Denver. The talk centred upon the building of the proposed Kaslo & Slocan railway and its effect upon the country. The railway man came out bluntly and stated that the C. P. R. would never let a foreign road cut them out of their own territory. He stated that it was tacitly understood at headquarters that so soon as dirt commenced to fly on the Kaslo road just so soon would the C. P. R. commence operations on this side. An extension would be run from the N. & S. R. through this town, bridging Carpenter creek and reaching the higher levels on the other side. The road would then follow up the pass, close to the Mountain Chief mine, and head for Sandon and Cody creek—giving a better grade, be less liable to slides, and affording the big mines an opportunity to ship their ores in bulk without sacking or extra handling. The present track was on the wrong side of the pass, and unless the north fork of the Carpenter gave some evidences of shipping ore, the road from here up would be abandoned. From here the main line of the Crow's Nest road would run down the lake shore to tap the camps along Four, Eight and Ten Mile creeks; follow the Slocan river, and connect with the C. & K. railway at Slocan Crossing. By the uniting of the latter road to the N. & Ft. S. R. at Nelson, through transit could be had direct to the smelters. Ore would be loaded on the cars at the mines and taken to its destination direct. New Denver would then be made a divisional point, or junction, and it was far too important a town to be overlooked as it had been. Though attention would necessarily be directed to the extension of the road northwards to the main line of the C.P.R., yet the first move would be to make connections to the south.

Mayor Martin of Vernon has very wisely declined, after mature deliberation, to oppose the re-election of Mr. Mara for this constituency in the forthcoming Dominion contest. That discretion is the better part of valor, however, is not believed in by Mr. H. Bostock, who has been only too eager to assume the burden thrown off by Mr. Martin. His alacrity in offering himself as a sacrifice for a hopeless cause is astonishing; yet a sacrifice Mr. Bostock will surely be.

George Squires, a miner employed at the Alpha, slipped and fell from the tramway at that property, Sunday. He fell about 20 feet, lighting with his back on a stone. His back is quite seriously hurt, having had a narrow escape from breaking his spine. Squires was conveyed to Silverton, where he is receiving careful attention. He was subsequently brought up here.

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Speculation at the stock exchange was more active than for a long time past. Prices moved up and down with great frequency, but the tendency throughout was upward. The transactions were 336,469 shares.

	Closing bids.
Atchison & Santa Fe	5⅛
Burlington & Quincy	54
Canada Southern	49¾
Canadian Pacific	38¼
Central Pacific	17
Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis	37¾
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	162¼
Erie	9⅜
Wells Fargo Express	106
Great Northern (preferred)	103
Lake Shore	136
Louisville & Nashville	52⅜
New York Central	95⅜
New York & New England	35
North American Co.	4⅞
Northern Pacific	3¼
Northern Pacific (preferred)	16⅜
North Western	92
Oregon Navigation	109
Oregon Improvement	11¼
Pacific Mail	23¼
Reading	11⅝
Rock Island	64¼
St. Paul	57¾
Texas Pacific	9⅞
Union Pacific	10¾
Western Union	88¼
Bar silver, per ounce	63⅝

Virginian Women.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—An Alexandria special to the Washington Evening News says that this morning Harry Hines, of Alexandria, was tried for assaulting J. C. Weese, a Pennsylvanian, who it was alleged had made some remark derogatory to Virginia women. He was acquitted. As Weese the accuser left the court he had to pass through a double line of women all armed with rawhides, who beat him so unmercifully that the aid of a physician had to be called in. An attorney who appeared for him was compelled to go down on his knees and apologize.

Poor Digestion

Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all the organs of the body. Take Hood's, for Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

Ladies

Wait until you see the Twentieth Century hat at our millinery opening on Tuesday next. Lansdowne House, Yates street.
J. PARTRIDGE,
Proprietor.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. T. Williams & Co., 28 Broad street.

Gardening tools at Cheapside.

THE GREAT SENSATION OF THE EAST.

"Straw Point" Cigars

Has arrived and is on sale at SIMON LEISER'S,

CALL AND SEE IT. Sole Agent for British Columbia.

GIVEN UP TO DIE.

Doctors Thought There Was No Hope.

A Bradford, Ont., Lady says: "I Owe My Life to Paine's Celery Compound."

The Great Spring Medicine Always Saves and Cures.

Concise and brief is the letter that comes from Mrs. Currier, of Bradford, Ont. It comes from one who was near the gates of death, and whose gratitude and thankfulness are strong and sincere for rescue and deliverance.

Sickness for over a year, attended with pleurisy and inflammation, placed Mrs. Currier's life in jeopardy; indeed, the doctors pronounced her case hopeless, and said she would die.

Friends urged the use of Paine's Celery Compound. Mrs. Currier used the medicine, and to-day enjoys the blessings of sound health.

This remarkable cure proves conclusively that Paine's Celery Compound is as much superior to the ordinary physicians' remedies as the diamond is to cheap glass.

At no season of the year does Paine's Celery Compound show its healing virtues to better advantage than in the Spring time. It banishes disease, purifies the blood, enriches and strengthens the system, and adds years to one's life. Mrs. Currier says:—

"I take great pleasure in sending you a testimonial for Paine's Celery Compound; I certainly owe my life to it. I may state that I was sick over a year with pleurisy and inflammation, and given up to die by three doctors and all my friends, when I was recommended to try Paine's Celery Compound. After using seven bottles of the wonderful medicine, I am all right again."

EDUCATIONAL.

PRIVATE Instruction in Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Mathematics, and other subjects, at 22 Vernon block, Douglas street. James Kaye. mr2-1m

:: READ THIS. ::

FOR SALE OR LEASE

ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS,

A Magnificent Farm

Of rich black soil, situated on Lulu Island, North Arm Fraser River, B.C., being composed of west halves of Lots 12 and 13 and part of 1, Block 4 North, Range 7 West, 200 acres, more or less; over one-half under good cultivation, mostly in meadow, the balance having been ploughed once or twice and yielding abundance of grass for stock; has a very large barn house and orchard of good bearing trees, all well fenced with stakes and boards; all well dyked and ditched, and about two-thirds well underdrained; is six or seven miles from the City of Vancouver; good roads, with stages to and from Vancouver daily; the river at the door teems with salmon, and has excellent shooting for ducks, geese and snipe; also pheasants in the near future; good school and churches near by; climate lovely and scenery simply charming. We particularly wish to sell out, but failing which, shall lease to party with sufficient capital to stock and work the place properly. For further particulars apply to J. H. TODD & SON, owners, Victoria, B.C., or to Messrs. Rand Bros., Vancouver. de27

FOR SALE OR RENT.

WINTERBOURNE RISE,

The residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

de30-1m LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

RANCHING NEAR VICTORIA, $16 per acre will buy 700 acre farm, beautiful, desirable sea front, with excellent fishing and shooting; or will take partner with, say $1,500, to invest in stock raising. Apply Rancher, Box 773, Victoria, B. C. mr24-2m

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH.
TEABERRY.
PRICE 25c
ZOPESA CHEMICAL CO. TORONTO.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved property.
HEISTERMAN & CO.
75 Government St.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

QUEEN'S HOTEL RESTAURANT

COR. JOHNSON AND STORE STS.
FORMERLY THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT,

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, If you want a good meal for 25 cents and upwards go to the Queen's Hotel Restaurant. Meal hours from 6 a.m. to 1 a.m. C. Nunn, the well known waiter, will be night manager and will supply customers with the best of meals.

J. C. VOSS, PROP.
se18

MERCHANTS' LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT THE Poodle Dog Restaurant

from 12 to 2. Meals, with glass of beer or claret, 40c. Regular meals, with glass of beer or claret, 50c.
LOUIS MARBOEUF, Prop.
ja23-1m

SPECIAL.

ARRIVED:

LEANDER HALL, MEDIUM

The famous Independent Slate-Writing Medium has taken Parlors 7 and 8 at the Doane, No. 90 Douglas street, where he will give private sittings. Sealed messages answered while in a dead trance. Messages from your loved dead written on slates you clean and hold in your own hands. A medium by the gift of God. Hours 9 to 8. mr21-1m

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted, will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—Jersey, or high grade cow, price must be moderate. Dairyman, Colonist office. mr21-2t

BOOK-KEEPING—Books opened, posted, balanced; errors detected; book-keepers assisted; books kept and accounts made out for merchants not requiring regular book-keeper; terms reasonable; references. Expert, Colonist office ja5

WANTED—An experienced accountant is prepared to post and balance up books, make out and collect accounts, open up new sets, or do any office work; first-class references. Address J.P., Colonist office. de22

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Furnished cottage, 5 rooms, bath and pantry; vacant April 15th. For particulars apply by letter to John Nichol, No. 10 Avalon Road, James Bay. mr21 2t

TO BE SOLD—An excellent Mexican saddle, very little used, together with good bridle; price $25; worth $40. Apply Joshua Davies, 7 Board of Trade building. mr23 4t

ROOMS AND BOARD for one or two gentlemen, within five minutes' walk from post office. Address C., Colonist office. mr5

TO LET—A nice cottage, 5 rooms and bath, $8 per month; also 3 cottages 4 rooms, $5.50; including water. Apply Alex. Sherk, corner Fernwood Road and Chatham street. mr20 1m

TO-LET—For single gentlemen, two sunny rooms, sitting and bedroom, or bedroom and dressing room. Upper Fort street, on car line. Address R., this office mr19-1m

TO-LET—For the summer season or longer the Maple Bay House, Maple Bay, with about 2 acres fruit bearing orchard, and 160 acres sheep run, if wanted. This is the finest and prettiest place on the Island for anyone seeking health or pleasure, nice beach, fine fishing, good shooting, etc. Apply at the Alderlea, Duncans, Wm. Beaumont. mr10tf

TO RENT—Seven-roomed modern house, all conveniences; one room rented to a doctor, which reduces rent; five minutes from post office. Apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government St. fe28-1mo

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished large front room, with bow window, on lower floor. Apply 66 Rae street. ja30-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Five and a half acres all cleared and fenced, good black soil; half an acre planted in strawberries, raspberries and black-currants; 4-roomed house, chicken house and shed; close to town; price reduced to $1,250. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A piano in thoroughly good condition; also a new Williams Sewing Machine. 15 Harrison street any forenoon. mr24-3t

FOR SALE—Seven milch cows and 8 calves, cheap. Apply Mrs. W. J. Bailey, Halfway House, Esquimalt Road. mr23-6t

FOR SALE—Poultry and fruit farm, 5½ acres good land, all clear, new buildings; near city limits, price $1300; easy terms. B. Temple, 129½ Oswego street, city. mr3-1m

TO BE SOLD within one month, 70 acres good farming land, 50 fenced and under crop, ½ mile frontage on Sooke river, with dwelling, outbuildings, furniture, tools, boat, fishing nets, 2 cows. For particulars address J. B. Johnson, 30 Humboldt street, or to J. Goodman, on the premises. mr19-1m

FOR SALE—A mare, road cart and harness; mare perfectly quiet, and goes under saddle; price $150. Further particulars apply A.B.G., this office. mr19-1m

FOR SALE—The Alderlea Hotel and outbuildings, also six lots, 60x120. The Alderlea is an old and well established hotel, and with the outbuildings, barns, etc., covers about 2 lots; the vacant lots are directly opposite the station at Duncan's, and the best site in Duncan's for a large store, or store and hotel, as they would catch nearly all railroad and passenger traffic. The owner has worked hard since 1862 and wants to retire. For terms etc., apply on the premises, to owner and proprietor, Wm. Beaumont. fe24

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE, 330 acres in Oyster District, 20 acres clear, 10 acres slashed, fenced, creek, good land with exception of 30 acres; 100 fruit trees, and 200 small, water in garden, with 7-roomed house, kitchen and bath; water laid in stable, barn 45x60, 3 chicken houses, workshop; railway 400 feet from house, good road; ½ mile from school. Price $15 per acre, or to lease for a term of years at $100, part of rent will be taken in improvements; lessee to purchase stock valued at about $600.

MONEY TO LEND on good security.

SWINERTON & ODDY,
Accountants, Agents and Notaries Public,
110 Government street.
Telephone 491. P.O. Box 631.

FOR SALE.

1 Lot Victoria West, clear, good soil, $225
1 Lot, Oak Bay Avenue..........$300
1 Lot, good soil, clear............$200

You cannot afford to pay rent.

Two Houses on the instalment plan.

Good houses and well located; good garden,

1 Seaside Location at Oak Bay.....$350

These are the best offerings in the market.

APPLY W. D. McGREGOR,
OR J. E. CRANE & CO.
mr3-1m 30 Broad Street.

40-ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Situated half way between Chemainus and Maple Bay, and within 3 miles of Hall's Crossing, on the E. & N. Railway and ten miles from Duncan's. Five acres are under cultivation, and the balance has been slashed and burned, and with a slight expense can all be made ready for crop. The property is well situated, having a half mile frontage on the water. There is excellent water on the property for all purposes. There is a small house and barn on the land. For anyone requiring a small farm or a charming country seat, the above will be found well suited to their desire. The property, including various implements, will be sold for $2,000. Terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to "Rancher," care of The Colonist.
no22-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Expenditure of a sum of $10,000, Borrowed under the Authority of the "Crematory By-Law," No. 127, for Lighting Purposes.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 41 of The Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1894, the Corporation of the City of Victoria is empowered, when it shall have a sum of money on hand which has been borrowed for a special purpose by the authority of a loan by-law, and when the Council deems it undesirable to expend for such purpose the money borrowed, to place before the ratepayers a by-law providing for the expending of such sum of money for some other purpose;

AND WHEREAS the said Corporation of the City of Victoria has a sum of ten thousand dollars on hand which has been borrowed for the purpose of establishing a crematory by the authority of a loan by-law known as the "Crematory By-Law," No. 127;

AND WHEREAS the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria deems it undesirable to expend the said sum of $10,000 for the purpose of establishing a crematory as aforesaid, but deems it expedient that the said sum of $10,000 should be expended for and towards the cost of constructing works for supplying the inhabitants of the Municipality of the City of Victoria with Electric Light;

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to expend in and towards the cost of constructing works for supplying the inhabitants of the Municipality of the City of Victoria with Electric Light the sum of $10,000 which the said Corporation now has on hand, and which has been borrowed under and by authority of "The Crematory By-Law," No. 127, for the purpose of establishing a crematory, the said Council deeming undesirable that the said sum of $10,000 should be expended for the purpose of a crematory.

2. This By-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of May, 1895.

This By-law may be cited as the "Electric Lighting By-law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of February, 1895.

TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward; and at a building known as No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday the 19th day of March, instant; that the poll will be kept open between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., and that W. K. Bull, Geo. Brown and Frank E. Moore be the Returning Officers to take the vote at the said polling places, viz.: W. K. Bull at Public Market Building, Cormorant street; Geo. Brown at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square; Frank E. Moore at No. 27 Government street (east side).

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., 5th March, 1895. mr6

VICTORIA WATER WORKS.

The attention of the public generally, and PLUMBERS IN PARTICULAR is called to Section 16 of the "Corporation of Victoria Water Works Act, 1873," which reads as follows: "If any person or persons shall lay or cause to be laid any pipe or main to communicate with any pipe or main of the said water works, or in any way obtain or use any water thereof without the consent of the Commissioner, he or they shall forfeit or pay to the said Commissioner, for water works purposes, the sum of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, and also a further sum of five dollars for each day such pipe or main shall so remain, which said sum, together with the costs of suit in that behalf, may be recovered by civil action in any court of law in the Province of British Columbia having civil jurisdiction to that amount."

The provisions of the above Section will for the future be strictly carried out.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.
City Hall, 11th March, 1895. mr12

$50 REWARD.

The above-mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other building in the City of Victoria; or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto; or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises; or defacing or injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
Victoria, March 20, 1895. mr21

IMPORTANT SALE

Electric Tramway.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of a certain indenture, dated 25th October, 1892, made between the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company and the Montreal Safe Deposit Company as Trustees, that the Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company, Limited, and all the property of the said Tramway Company comprised in the said indenture, will be sold by Public Auction at T. J. Trapp's Auction Rooms, 713 Columbia street, in the City of New Westminster, British Columbia, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, 1895.

The Westminster & Vancouver Tramway Company's lines of tramway extend through out the City of New Westminster, in the Province of British Columbia, and between that city and the City of Vancouver.

Conditions of sale and full particulars as to the property may be obtained at the office of the Montreal Safe Deposit Company, or from Messrs. Corbould & McColl, Solicitors, New Westminster, B.C.

GORDON E. CORBOULD,
Solicitor for the Montreal
Safe Deposit Company.
Dated New Westminster, B.C.,
24th December, 1894. ja4

PHOTO ENGRAVING. METAL CUTS of Buildings, Portraits, Letters, etc. Better and cheaper than wood cuts or electrotypes. JONES, No. 59½ Government Street, Victoria, B.C. fe27

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 23,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, January 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily	M. fr Vic.	STATIONS.	M. fr Wel.	SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 1 Pass. Daily
De. 3.00 p m	.	Victoria	78	Ar. 12.00 n'n.
" 3.04	1	Russell's	77	" 11.56
" 3.14	4	Esquimalt	74	" 11.46
" 3.17	5	Stewart's	73	" 11.43
" 3.20	6	Parson's Bridge	72	" 11.40
" 3.27	8	Langford	70	" 11.33
" 3.37	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.23
" 4.05	20	Summit Siding	58	" 10.55
" 4.30	28	Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.30
" 4.40	31	Cobble Hill	47	" 10.20
" 4.55	35	McPherson's	43	" 10.05
" 5.05	38	Koksilah	40	" 9.55
" 5.10	40	Duncan's	38	" 9.50
" 5.20	43	Somenos	35	" 9.40
" 5.27	47	Westholme	31	" 9.33
" 5.42	52	Chemainus	26	" 9.18
" 6.00	59	Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.00
" 6.09	62	Oyster Bay	16	" 8.51
" 6.40	73	Nanaimo	5	" 8.20
Ar. 7.00	78	Wellington		Le. 8.00 a.m.

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
my4 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
Tourist Sleeping Cars

TO
St. Paul
Minneapolis
Duluth
Fargo
Grand Forks
Crookston
Winnipeg
Helena and
Butte

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.30 pm	Ml	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	82	...... Seattle......	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar. *...Tacoma.... Lv	Ml	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria, B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pas. Agent,
255 Morrison St., cor. Third St., Portland, Or.
ap2

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

THE BUFFET LINE.

The Shortest and Quickest Line to St. Paul and all Points East.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 9:00 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East,

Running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars Family Tourist Sleepers, and first and second class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
H. MARTIN,
General Agent,
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt,
St. Paul, Minnesota. jy1

BY WAY OF
MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL
AND OVER
The North-Western Line

Is the best route in every respect to

CHICAGO

and all points East,

KANSAS CITY, OMAHA, SIOUX CITY

and all points South. Direct connections in Union Depots. Vestibuled Trains. Compartment Buffet, Pullman, and Dining Cars on every train. All ticket agents can sell you to your destination over "The North-Western Line."

F. W. PARKER,
ja19 Puget Sound Agent Seattle.

THE LOST "VELOS."

Circumstances of the Steamer's Destruction the Subject of a Coroner's Inquiry.

Mate Christensen in the Witness Box —Law's Body Alone Recovered.

The search for the bodies of the victims of the Velos disaster continued Sunday and yesterday, but without result. Several small boats were utilized, and the shore from Ross bay all the way to Cadboro beach was carefully prospected; it is now accepted as a probability that none of the four bodies claimed by the sea will be recovered until decomposition has commenced and they rise to the surface. The top of the steamer's mast is still standing out of the water to mark the scene of the fatality and indicate that the ill-fated Velos has not yet gone to pieces. Diver McHardie has taken the contract to salve all the wreckage that is worth the trouble of recovery, and is pushing operations as quickly as possible with the aid of the steamer Sadie, scows and a derrick. A considerable portion of the machinery, including one of the boilers, is now safely stored away, but the hull, from which the bottom has fallen, is not worth attention. The force of the gale in which the steamer and the majority of her crew were lost is evidenced by the fact that when the hawser connecting her with her tow was hauled out, the capstan of the steamer was found attached, it having been wrenched clear from its fastenings.

At 3:30 yesterday afternoon the coroner opened his formal inquiry into the cause of the disaster. Messrs. William Bickford (foreman), H. R. Ella, Charles Braund, R. J. Styles, William O'Conner, and C. J. Wilkes being sworn as a jury to view the body of Assistant Engineer William Law, and determine as to how he met his death. Mr. W. A. Ward attended as the representative of the owners of the steamer. Captain Anderson while progressing favorably at the Jubilee hospital is still in a critical condition, according to Dr. Davie's certificate, and in order that his evidence may next be taken, the inquest was—after Mate Christensen had told his story—adjourned until Monday next at 2 o'clock. The funeral of poor Law takes place this afternoon, from the family residence on Queen's avenue, Adjutant Archibald of the Salvation Army having charge of the arrangements.

Andrew Christensen, on being sworn yesterday, told practically the same story as he did to the COLONIST on Saturday afternoon. He said:

"I am a mariner living in Victoria, and was mate of the steamer Velos. I recognize the body of the deceased as that of William Law, assistant engineer of the Velos, whom I last saw alive on the deck of that steamer at about ten minutes to eleven on Friday night last. We left Victoria at 9:30 p.m. Friday for Haddington and Nelson islands, and went inside of Trial island, between the mainland and the island, the wind at the time blowing a gale from the southeast and the flood tide meeting the wind. We had the barge Pilot in tow at the time.

"Thinking the weather too rough to proceed we attempted to turn and come back to Victoria. We were at this time about a mile and a half through the Trial island passage. As we were turning, having eased down our speed, the wheel chains carried away, just as we were about to put on our course for the inside passage. It was the sea striking the rudder that caused the chains to break, and almost before we knew they had broken, we struck a rock lying out from the main island.

"We attempted to lower our boats—we did not let down an anchor—but the steamer filled so quickly that it was impossible to lower them and they were washed out of the davits afterwards—the sea was breaking right over the steamer.

"I was on deck when the wheel chains broke, my special duty at the time being to look after the hawser. I was consulted when it was determined to turn back and gave it as my opinion that it was the only thing to do. It would have been impossible for the steamer to have gone on even without her tow—she could not have got through.

"When our boats carried away I saw the barge Pilot coming down on us and I knew that I had no time to clear the boats, so I sung out to the rest of them to get ready for a jump to the barge. There were on deck at the time Captain Anderson, Chief Engineer Bloor, his assistant, William Law, Bob Smith, the cook, and the deckhand, Frank Duncan. Mr. Adams was not on deck. I saw him last in the galley some time previous.

"Thinking that the barge would go right through the Velos I jumped for the hawser, which was slack at this time, caught it and climbed aboard the Pilot. She was then only about three feet away and somewhat higher out of the water than the steamer. She remained close to the steamer for just one sea—she struck a rock which turned her out of her course before she could hit the Velos. Frank Duncan attempted to follow me up the hawser, but I could not see what became of him. I got up the hawser safely and aboard the Pilot. After I left the Velos I did not see what the others were doing. The barge sheered off and stopped again some 40 or 50 feet from the Velos. We had on the Velos life belts enough for everyone aboard; I gave no order for the life belts to be taken nor heard such order given. I know that the captain and William Law had life belts, though I did not see them with them on before I left the steamer.

"When I got on the Pilot there was no possible way of getting back to the Velos to save the others. We had but one boat on the barge, and we attempted to lower it. It was smashed as soon as it struck the water. Then we tightened the hawser up so that the men on the steamer might cross on it if they'd take the risk, but none of them took the chance. We could do absolutely nothing for the rescue of those on the steamer; we could hear them calling but could not understand what they said, nor could they make out what we said to them. We could not see them in the darkness."

To Juror S. J. Styles—"The galley was on the deck; it was not carried away before I left the Velos."

To the Foreman—"On the Pilot there were life-preservers enough for the crew of the barge—that was all. We had no chance to throw a line to those on the steamer."

To Juror Wilkes—"I did not know that the wheel chains had carried away until the captain told me in the morning that that was what had caused the accident.

To Mr. W. A. Ward, representing the steamer owners—"When we left port it was blowing fresh from the south east; the captain did not speak to me before we left Victoria as to the advisability of going out. I have been out before in as bad weather and with a tow. The object of going when we did was so that we could get to Nelson Island and land our passengers by daylight.

"The Pilot wasn't too much for the Velos; she could tow her easily in any weather she could live in herself; as we were making the turn we slowed up to ease the hawser; it was at that time I should think that the wheel chains carried away; it was squally and dark and we could not see the low part of Trial island."

In consequence of the many conflicting reports as to where blame for the accident should rest—if it attaches to anyone—it is quite possible that a formal inquiry will be asked for. Steamboat Inspector J. A. Thomson said yesterday that he thought the coroner's inquiry would be sufficient, though the carrying of the twenty-four passengers on the Pilot was a clear violation of the law—it being provided that in such cases both barge and tug should be formally inspected and permission obtained.

The report was current yesterday afternoon that the body of Arthur Bloor, the chief engineer, had been seen floating, buoyed up by a life preserver, at Foul bay. No one could be found, however, who had himself seen the body or had any information regarding it from a reliable source. Bloor was at the time of his death 35 years of age and single. He was a native of Shropshire, England, where his parents still reside, and had a brother, Samson Bloor, of St Louis street, and a sister, Mrs Comfort, living here. The news of poor Bob Smith's death has been sent to his aged mother in England, and W. E. Duncan, Frank Duncan's brother from Westminster, arrived in the city Sunday to join in the search for his body.

Mrs. Law, who with her three little ones is left absolutely destitute by the calamity that widowed her, has not yet recovered from the terrible first shock of her grief. She has refused all consolation, and sits dry-eyed and bereft almost of reason in the darkened home. Poor Law had only recently secured the berth on the steamer which he held at the time of his death, having been home on sick list for eight months before. He was still in feeble health and therefore less capable of withstanding the terrible strain of the fatal night. A more deserving case for the expression of public sympathy, Adjutant Archibald says, could not be found—and that expression should be of the most substantial kind.

Frank Duncan's coat was found yesterday on the San Pedro, where it had drifted with the tides. It is supposed that he took it off so that he might have a better chance of swimming.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

CURE

SICK HEADACHE, Disordered Liver, etc.

They Act Like Magic on the Vital Organs, Regulating the Secretions, restoring long lost Complexion, bringing back the Keen Edge of Appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. These Facts are admitted by thousands, in all classes of Society. Largest Sale in the World.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a Box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St. 9

MOTHERS

SHOULD KNOW ALL ABOUT WHAT THEY USE FOR BABY.

Every mother should know something about the composition of the food that her baby is fed on from day to day. Many prepared foods now sold are vile preparations, and soon bring on serious digestive derangements.

Lactated Food is not a secret preparation. It is prepared in the most careful manner from the nourishing elements of wheat and barley, properly combined with pure sugar of milk. It is nourishing, strengthening and life giving, and by its use thousands of children have grown from weak and puny babes to healthy, happy and hearty boys and girls.

Thousands of physicians and happy mothers say that Lactated Food "Saves Babies' Lives."

New indexed map of "British Columbia Up to Date," in spring map case, $5; mounted with rollers top and bottom, $3 50; sheets, $1 50. To be seen at Hibben's, also at Braund's and J. H. Brownlee's office, 44 Fort street.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Corporation of Victoria.

From and after this date the undersigned will not accept any orders for monies due by the employees of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

CHAS. KENT,
Treasurer.

March 5th, 1895. mr6-1m

Coal and Wood Notice.

Having disposed of my Coal and Wood Business to Messrs. Rattray & Hall I beg leave to thank my customers for their kind patronage in the past, and solicit a continuance of their orders on behalf of the above firm.

W. WALKER.

Victoria, B.C., March 1st, 1895. mr2-1m

Estate of Thomas Watson Carter, deceased.

NOTICE—All persons indebted to or having claims against this estate are required on or before the 1st day of April, 1895, to make payments or applications for payment to the Administratrix at the office of the undersigned. After the said date the assets of the said estate will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the Administratrix has had notice

Victoria, B.C., 26th day of February, 1895

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
Board of Trade Building, Victoria, Solicitors for Matilda Rebecca Carter, the Administratrix.

fe28-1m

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses, easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE--A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.
12 Horses.
Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.
Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.
Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.
9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.
7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, &c.
Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Gattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

The Climate is not severe, the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

The Title is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

The South West Kootenay and Osoyoos Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

AN ARTICLE

May cost but little and yet be worthless. The difference in quality between various grades of Matches may be such as to make the lowest priced the most expensive. It interests you to know that

E. B. EDDY'S

are the Best Matches made.

MONEY TO LOAN

On security of Improved Real Estate.

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,

fe15 No. 6 Bastion Square.

PAPER CUTTER KNIVES

and KNIVES OF PLANING MACHINES up to 60 inches in length can be ground on an AUTOMATIC KNIFE GRINDING MACHINE in the Engine Room of The Colonist Office.

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE

Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

GENTLEMEN,—Was troubled with rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure.

A. McNEILL,
New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

DEAR SIRS,—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvelous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days.

GEORGE SCHMIDT,
Steitz Restaurant.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 17, 1893.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists,

GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvelous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the Liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN
SOLE AGENTS,
Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Ask Your Grocer for It. Have No Other.

MANUFACTURED BY

Red Crown Roller Mills,

ALBANY, OREGON. au1

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25, Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. ap14

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

52 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

★★

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

133 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora Street. fe13

Food for the Hungry.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday, the 29th instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 6 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets, which may be procured at the Barracks for a nominal sum, or in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy, with tickets, or may send in supplies to the Depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the Depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

Victoria, January 26, 1895. ja27

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893," as Amended by the "Fire Insurance Policy Amendment Act, 1895."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to Secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance" from the 1st day of April, 1895, to the 1st day of July, 1895.

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
28th February, 1895. mr2-td

MATERNITY (late Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fe10

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable *strictly in advance.*

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REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:
More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.
Not more than one week, 30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unoccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

SOMEWHAT SUBDUED.

The temporary editor of the Times in yesterday's number figures before the public without his cap and bells, and we must confess that he is improved by the change. He is, however, still a little flighty and not exactly as disingenuous as he might be. There is, too, method in his frivolity. He confesses to being too depraved and too stupid to see the connection between hard times and free trade. Well, perhaps he is, but he is not so fearfully demoralized and so incomprehensibly obtuse as not to see that hard times and many other evils have come upon Great Britain, although it has had free trade for fifty years. It is to this that we desired to direct attention. The Victoria free traders declare that protection has been the cause of the hard times in Canada and of almost every other ill with which the Dominion is afflicted. We have reminded our readers that hard times, want of employment, strikes, and all the other phenomena of the prevailing depression, are seen in Great Britain in a much more aggravated form than they are to be found in this country. If our volatile and versatile contemporary can apply his *reductio ad absurdum* to these facts—for they cannot be said to be arguments—he is quite welcome.

He is simply beating the air or trying to deceive the readers of the Times when he controverts a statement that we did not make. We never stated or insinuated that free trade was the cause of the hard times, we never said that British free trade was not the best policy for the British, but what we did say and what we do say is that it is a very absurd thing to try to persuade the people of this Dominion to adopt British free trade as their commercial policy. The funny man of the Times in his serious manner regrets that he has arrived at a conclusion at variance with ours. We are quite at a loss to see what his conclusion is unless it is that trade depression and hard times visit every civilized country under the sun, no matter what form of government it has, or what commercial policy it pursues. This is the logical conclusion of his argument, and we freely admit that it is sound.

NOT CONTRADICTORY.

It is maintained by some who cannot have studied the Manitoba school question very closely, that the judgments of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council on the subject are contradictory. They hold that because the first decision was in favor of Manitoba and the second decision, as they consider, against the Province, the decisions do not agree. But anyone who looks closely into the matter will see that there is no disagreement between the first decision and the second decision. The questions submitted to the Committee in the two cases are altogether different. On the first case the principal, in fact the only material question, which the Committee had to decide was—had the minority in Manitoba separate schools at the time of the Union? If they had, the School law was *ultra vires*, if they had not, then the Legislature of Manitoba was competent to enact any law respecting education that the majority believed to be suitable to the circumstances of the country.

The question which the Committee had to consider when the second case was submitted to them was—have the Roman Catholics of Manitoba a grievance? They had under the law of the province separate schools for nineteen years. Had they a cause of complaint when the legislature, against their will, abolished their schools and compelled them to pay for the support of schools of which they did not approve and to which they could not with a good conscience send their children?

The reader sees that the questions to be considered were very different. It must be remembered that the dissatisfied minority in Manitoba are not obliged to accept any school law which the legislature might see fit to enact. A special clause in the Constitution gave them the right to appeal to the Governor-in Council against any act of the Legislature in the matter of education which in their opinion gave them cause to complain. Here it is:

"An appeal shall lie to the Governor-General-in-Council from any Act or decision of the Legislature of the Province or of any Provincial authority, affecting any right or privilege of the Protestant or Roman Catholic minority of the Queen's subjects in relation to education."

This law being on the Statute Book of Manitoba, the Judicial Committee could not say: "We have decided that the school law of Manitoba is constitutional, and consequently every inhabitant of the Province must submit to it until it is repealed in due course by a majority of the Legislature." The reply of the aggrieved minority would be: "If you take a look at the law you will find that we have a right to appeal against any School Act passed by the Legislature of Manitoba that in our opinion affects us prejudicially, no matter whether it is constitutional or not." And the Committee, after giving the case most careful consideration, decided that they had that right, and Mr. Dalton McCarthy has declared that the decision is sound in law.

Those who reflect can see that the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council may have been perfectly right in deciding that the Manitoba school law of 1890 is constitutional, and also just as right in deciding that under it the minority which considered itself aggrieved by its provisions had the right to appeal against it to the Governor-General-in-Council.

NOT ANSWERED.

The free trade economists of the Times exhibit a strange reluctance to answer a plain and practical question plainly. When asked to solve the problem propounded by the Nelson Tribune they have nothing to say. A duty on lead is necessary to enable the Kootenay silver miners to carry on their business profitably. But the free traders of the Times condemn taxes upon imports for the sake of fostering and protecting native industry. Here in their own province there is an industry, and an important industry, that requires to be protected. Will they unite in the demand that it shall be protected, or honestly tell the silver and lead miners that they must carry on their industry without protection or abandon it altogether? Neither the economists nor their organ have the frankness or the courage to tell the miners what they would do in this specific case.

This reticence is easily understood. If they tell the Kootenay miners that they need not expect anything from them or their party in the way of protection, they know that they will not get the support of the miners at the next general election. And they want votes very badly indeed. If they came out straightforwardly and said: "The miners must not expect protection in any shape or form from the Liberal party. We are opposed to protection on principle and cannot make an exception of the workers in the Kootenay mines," though people might disapprove of their policy they would respect their honesty. But when they refuse to tackle the problem and continue to deal in generalities, and even to quibble and shuffle, they cannot fail to incur the contempt of intelligent persons who believe in fair dealing.

We see that on the question of protection to the farmers the Times pursues the same policy of silence and shuffling. When asked by the News-Advertiser: "Will not the carrying out of Mr. Laurier and Sir Richard Cartwright's policy of Free Trade as they have it in England involve the withdrawal of that protection to the farmers of British Columbia which they now enjoy under the National Policy, and so expose them to the competition of the cheap products of Washington?" it did not answer this very plain and very simple question at once, plainly and directly. The answer, such as it was, was a long time in coming, and when it did come it was involved, indirect and ambiguous.

The way in which the free trade economists answer practical questions on the subject of Mr. Laurier's trade policy reminds us of the way in which boys who have been badly taught behave when examined by a person who has never seen their text book but who thoroughly understands the subject. His questions, though simple enough, completely bewilder the well crammed youngsters. They answer wildly and generally absurdly. When asked afterwards how it was they did so badly, they say, with a whine, "Those questions were not in our book." Take their book from our pert and priggish economists and ask them practical questions in which the principles of true political economy are involved, and they are all at sea. Sometimes they do not find it convenient to answer at all, and at others their answers are amusing specimens of evasive rigmarole. However, their little devices will not avail them, for it can easily be seen that under the Laurier policy both the miners and the farmers of the Province are to be sacrificed.

AN INDICATION OF PROGRESS.

Sir Richard Cartwright himself maintained that the increase of the deposits in the savings banks is a sure indication of the prosperity of a people as well as of their thrift and their frugality. In his budget speech of 1877 he said:

I find that the general increase in various matters which are usually considered reliable signs of the advance of the population in wealth have been very marked during that period. For instance . . the deposits in the government savings banks have increased from $1,686,000 to $7,178,000, an increase of fully 400 per cent., which is specially valuable as showing the growth of habits of thrift and frugality among our population.

In his general statement the Liberal Finance Minister was right, but the figures he cited when examined show that he was not quite as disingenuous as he desired his hearers to believe him to be. When the figures are looked into it will be seen that nearly the whole of the increase took place while his opponents were in power, and that while his party had the direction of affairs the savings bank deposits were almost stationary. From 1868 to 1873, while Sir John Macdonald was in power, the savings bank deposits increased from $1,687,807 to $6,115,221. From 1874 to 1878 the deposits increased from $7,210,260 to $8,497,013. The reader sees that under the four years of Conservative rule the savings bank deposits increased nearly four millions and a half, while in the four years of Grit misrule the increase was very little over one million. Immediately after the Conservatives obtained the management of the public affairs of the Dominion the savings bank deposits began to increase again at a rate that is truly surprising. In 1879 they were $9,209 683 and in 1883 they had risen to $26,219,107, an increase of $17,011,424 or considerably more than four millions a year. Compare this with the $1,286,953 or $321,688 a year in the four years of the Grit regime. In the next four years the increase was almost as surprising. In 1884 the deposits were $29,217,536 and in 1888 they had mounted up to $41,391,058, an increase of $12,153,522.

In order that our readers may see at a glance how the savings bank deposits have increased, we lay before them the following statement, taken from the official returns:

DOMINION SAVINGS BANKS DEPOSITS.

1868	$ 1,687,807
1869	2,451,335
1870	3,411,418
1871	4,569 296
1872	5,210 733
1873	6.115,221
1874	7,210 260
1875	7,171,181
1876	7,044,118
1877	7,470 630
1878	8 497,013
1879	9,207 683
1880	11,052 956
1881	15 836 672
1882	21 768 661
1883	26,219,107
1884	29,217 536
1885	32,979,076
1886	37,173 813
1887	40 832,275
1888	41,371,058
1889	42,956,357
1890	41,012 465
1891	39,400,026
1892	39,529,547
1893	41 849,658
1894 (June 30th)	43,036,012
1894 (Dec. 31st)	43 469,808
1895 (Jan. 31st)	43,631,456

The increase of the people's savings, it will be seen, is in a far greater ratio than the increase of the population. In 1881 the savings bank deposits were $15,836,672, in 1891 they were $39,400,026. This was an increase of $23,563,354, and yet the Grits keep on declaring that the country did not progress in the ten years between 1881 and 1891. What stronger evidence could there be of the falsity and the foolishness of their declarations than this increase of the savings of the people?

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair. San Francisco.

Weak Women
and all mothers who are nursing babies derive great benefit from Scott's Emulsion. This preparation serves two purposes. It gives vital strength to mothers and also enriches their milk and thus makes their babies thrive.

Scott's Emulsion
is a constructive food that promotes the making of healthy tissue and bone. It is a wonderful remedy for Emaciation, General Debility, Throat and Lung Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Anaemia, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases of Children.
Send for Pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

FOR SALE
Two Beautiful Lots, situate at the corner of Dallas Road and South Turner Street. To anyone desiring to build on these lots special terms will be made. Apply to
J GERHARD TIARKS,
ARCHITECT,
mr24 39½ Government Street.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists,
London, England. oc16

RECIPE—For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.
Adams' Root Beer Extract...One Bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast.....Half a Cake
Sugar.....Two Pounds
Lukewarm Water.....Two Gallons.
Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle; put in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice when it will open sparkling and delicious.
The root beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 and 25 cent bottles to make two and five gallons.
mr5-t t s

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

If you wish prompt shipment, close quotations, high class
WINDOW SHADES,
BRASS FIXTURES, POLES, TRIMMINGS, ROOM MOULDINGS, ETC.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE.
MENZIE, TURNER & CO.,
Office, Warehouse and Factories, 8, 10 and 12 Liberty St., (late the Macfarlane Shade Co. Sample Room, 8 and 10 Wellington Street East.

THE WEEKLY
THE GREAT CONSERVATIVE WEEKLY.
MAIL-EMPIRE
OF TORONTO, ONT.
3 MONTHS FOR 10 CENTS.

All desirous of becoming posted on the Political Situation, as given in the columns of the Leading Organ of the Conservative Party, can have the same sent to their address for three months by sending or leaving Ten Cents at this office.

This offer is only open for a limited period, and all desirous of taking advantage of it must do so at once.

GEO. POWELL & CO.
CHEAPSIDE
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES AND RANGES,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
CUTLERY, ETC.
See their "Duchess of Oxford" Range.
CHEAPSIDE 127 Government Street.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase.) ..... £600,000, $2,920,000.
RESERVE ..... £275,000, $1,338,333.
HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.
BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.
AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank. Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York. Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & CO.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 1, 1895. ap5 GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

NICKEL ALARM CLOCKS, 90c.
S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
63½ YATES STREET,
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap4

THE UNEMPLOYED.
In order that the unemployed may have a chance of utilizing idle land in the outskirts of the city for cultivation for the purpose of raising food for themselves and families, I shall be pleased to confer with parties who are willing to grant free use of such lands for the season. Those willing to assist in this good work will please leave their address and particulars at the City Clerk's office.
JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.
Victoria, B. C., March 14th, 1895. mr15

AUCTION SALES.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
On Wednesday, March 27th,
AT 2 P.M. AT THE CLUB STABLES, YATES ST.,
AUCTION SALE
—OF A—
CARLOAD OF EASTERN HORSES AND MARES,
Well Bred Coach & French Stock
RANGING IN AGE FROM FOUR TO EIGHT YEARS,
And including several splendid **Teams of General Purpose Horses**, from 2,200 lbs. to 2,800 lbs.; all thoroughly sound and well broken; suitable for any kind of farm or city work.
Several well matched pairs of **Carriage or Driving Horses**, comprising Bays, Chestnuts, Blacks and Roans; amongst this lot will be found some beautiful animals; especially suitable.
Also a few **Splendid Buggy Horses** and a
Very Fine Well Matched Team of French Canadian Ponies,
About fourteen hands, and are sound and quiet.
Those seeking good work, farm, general purpose, family or driving animals should attend this sale. The are just fit to put to work and will increase in value every year you have them. Bear in mind they have not had all the good taken out of them by years of driving or hard work. We have positive instructions to SELL as the owners are at a vast expense every day they have them on hand.
Terms Cash.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL
CONCERT
In aid of the King's Road R E. Mission, in the
PHILHARMONIC HALL, FORT STREET,
On Tuesday, March 26th, at 8 p m.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
mr22-4t

CITY MARKET HALL:
ONE WEEK ONLY.
Commencing Monday, March 25.
PROF. O. R. GLEASON,
AMERICA'S KING OF
HORSE TAMERS,
AND HIS
Great Company of Horsemen.
Admission only 25c.; reserved seats 10c. extra; performance at 8.15 p.m.; band concert from 7 to 8 o'clock. mr24-tf

TO THE ELECTORS
—OF THE—
Vancouver Island Electoral District
GENTLEMEN,—
At the request of a large number of the Liberal Conservative Electors from the different parts of this District, I again hereby announce myself as a candidate in the interests of the Liberal Conservative Party at the coming Election.
Yours very respectfully,
A. HASLAM.
Nanaimo, March 18, 1895. mr20

ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1862. fe1

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
MRS. MARSHALL
has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

FRENCH DRESSMAKING—Perfect fit, first class furnishings. 18 Blanchard street. mr21

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS.
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B.C.
G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fe1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mc17

MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN,
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music Store. fe5

MADAME LAIRD,
TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
For terms apply at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. se30

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

MEN'S SPRING SUITS { $5.00, $6 00, $8 00, $10.00, $12.00.
BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS { $1.50, $1.60, $2.00, $2.25, $2.75.

CALL AND SEE { THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, HATS, ETC., IN THE CITY

B. WILLIAMS & CO. { Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

AUCTION SALES.

March 27—Groceries, etc. Pliny E. Davis & Co.
March 27—Horses and Mares. H. Cuthbert & Co
March 28—Furniture, etc. H. Cuthbert & Co.
March 29—Furniture, etc. W. T. Hardaker.

THE CITY.

THE appeal case of Coughlan & Mayo v. the City of Victoria occupied all yesterday in the Full court. The argument on both sides was concluded, and judgment reserved.

THE information laid on the 11th inst. by Sanitary Inspector Conlin, and charging Wing Lee with a violation of the Health by-law, was withdrawn in the police court yesterday.

THE annual social and dance of the B.C. Society of Spiritualists is to be held to-morrow evening at the A.O.U.W. hall. These gatherings always prove pleasurable and it is certain that there will be a large attendance.

THE Women's Council Friendly Help Association is now open in room 45 city market every day from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. Donations of clothing and money will be thankfully received, and a register will be kept of destitute persons requiring help.

A GOOD programme is promised for the meeting of the Single Tax Club to-morrow night in the Temperance hall. Mr. William Berridge will deliver a lecture on the "Three taxations—high taxation, sinful taxation, and no taxation at all." Ald. Macmillan will preside.

LAST Sunday evening witnessed the marriage, at 255 Yates street, of Mrs. F. Morris, of this city, and Mr. L. Lossmann, of Port Townsend. In the absence of a resident rabbi Mr. J. Isaacs performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Lossmann leave for Port Townsend this morning, accompanied by all good wishes.

THE following promotions in No. 1 company B.C.B.G.A. have been approved by the officer commanding: Sergeant J. Wilson to be company-sergeant major vice D. Anderson, resigned; Corporal F. M. Russell to be sergeant vice Sergeant J. Wilson, promoted; Bombardier W. T. Bavin to be corporal vice W. Muir, promoted; Gunner H. A. Holmes to be corporal vice Russell, promoted; Gunners Nevin, McLean and Roberts to be bombardiers.

REV. THOS BALDWIN, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, yesterday resigned his charge and leaves to-day for his old home in Seattle. Fourteen months ago Mr. Baldwin came here to act temporarily as pastor of Calvary church, and so well was he liked that he was induced to remain. He has worked hard and made many friends and his chief reason for resigning is that he may take a well earned rest.

MISS MAUDE GRANGER'S sterling abilities are well known in Victoria, where former appearances have established her reputation as the finest representative of emotional roles now before the public. She is supported this season by a company which is pronounced by the press of Seattle and Tacoma to be stronger than any which has hitherto assisted her. Her engagement at the Victoria theatre next Friday and Saturday nights, and at a matinee performance Saturday should be well patronized. *

GOOD progress is being made with the construction of the Salvation Army food and shelter depot in the city market building. A force of carpenters, plumbers and other mechanics are bending their energies to have the house ready for occupancy in about a fortnight. Ensign Edgeworth, of Toronto, who is coming to the Coast to take charge of the Salvation Army work among the Indians, has started for Victoria and is expected to arrive here about the end of the week.

"THE Native Races of North America," edited by W. H. Withrow, D.D., F.R.S.C., is a book recently published by William Briggs, of Toronto. While the work is neither exhaustive nor complete, it furnishes as much information of a popular character concerning the Indians of North America as the average reader cares to acquire. It is profusely illustrated, and among the other pictures is one of Indian graves near Victoria and another showing the totem poles in an Indian village in this province. The volume comprises 200 readable pages.

R. M. PALMER, inspector of fruit pests, is on the Mainland attending meetings called by the board of horticulture at various places for the purpose of giving farmers and others interested, information on fruit growing. Last night there was a meeting at Ladners, to-day Steveston and Vancouver will be visited, and the series will close at Westminster Junction on Wednesday. The careful inspection of fruit importation has had the effect of practically stopping any attempts to bring diseased fruit into the province. A few boxes of apples from California were condemned on Saturday.

THE COLONIST has received "A Harmony of the Gospels, being the Life of Jesus in the Words of the Four Evangelists; arranged by W. H. Withrow, D.D., F.R.S.C., from the Revised Version of the New Testament." It is from the publishing house of William Briggs of Toronto. The compiler of this valuable aid to Bible study has done his work skillfully and thoroughly. The continuous narrative, given in the phraseology of the gospels themselves, presents at one reading a well rounded and complete history of the life of our Saviour. The student finds in this volume every incident in the life of Christ arranged in the order of their occurrence. The stories told by Matthew, Mark, Luke and John are fitted and dovetailed into one another in such a manner that in seeking to familiarize himself with all the details of any incident in the life of Jesus the student finds on the page before him all the references and particulars which otherwise he would have to take great trouble and consume much time in turning up from the different gospels. Sunday school teachers and students will find this valuable little book of great assistance to them.

MEADOWS COWPER, of Rutherglen, Victoria (Australia), is very anxious to secure news of his two brothers, Jersey and Henry Cowper, whom he has not heard from in several years and whom he believes to be somewhere in this city or province.

MR. JAMES HENLY, formerly of this city and now a resident of Westminster, has taken to himself a bride in the person of Miss Maria J. Nichols, daughter of Mr. James Nichols of Foul Bay. The marriage was solemnized at that gentleman's residence by Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge, and Mr. and Mrs. Henly have taken up their residence in the Royal City.

A GENERAL rehearsal for both principals and chorus of Il Trovatore is to be held to-night in the Y.M.C.A. hall, instruction in "stage business" being the special order of the evening. Messrs. Buck and Eurick, the latter of whom will direct the large and efficient orchestra, promise a first class performance in every respect. The cast is an excellent and well balanced one and the chorus large and capable.

MESSRS. McGregor and Jeeves, the well known firm of contractors and brickmakers in business here, will complete construction of the new provincial buildings, arrangements in this direction having been completed before the unfortunate disaster by which Contractor Frederick Adams lost his life. Mr. Jeeves announces that no time will be lost in the prosecution of the work, and the important undertaking will be completed just as quickly as material can be got on the ground and men put it into use.

OWING to several of the bandsmen being engaged at the theatre Saturday, the entertainment of the sergeants of the B.C.B.G.A. has been postponed until Tuesday, April 2. The programme for the entertainment, which will be printed in a few days, will consist of various military drills, closing with a camp scene and night alarm. Those who attend may expect a very interesting two and a half hours' amusement. The various squads are practising hard every possible moment, and it may be expected that some very good drilling will be witnessed.

THE body of a new born white infant is now lying at the public morgue awaiting the decision of the coroner as to whether or not an inquest will be necessary. The disowned babe was found Sunday afternoon by a young man named McTague in a field on Cook street, where it had been dropped over the fence shortly after its birth. There were a man's footprints in the near vicinity, and it was apparent that the boot marks were those of the bearer of the discarded child. If the parties implicated can be identified they will be prosecuted for concealment of birth.

PROFESSOR O. R. GLEASON, the horse tamer, amused a large audience in the market hall last evening by his exhibition of the wonderful control man can secure even over the most unmanageable equine. Professor Gleason experimented with three horses belonging to different persons in the city, and succeeded in a very short space of time in reducing his subjects to a proper condition of respect for their master. The exhibition was particularly interesting to horsemen, but that all enjoyed the entertainment was evidenced by the repeated outbursts of applause which greeted the professor. The audience was perhaps the largest the market hall has ever held—for the safety of the public the doors had to be closed at 8:30, so great was the crush. The market hall is said to have a capacity of 3,000, and every square foot was occupied.

MRS. BAKLOW, of Tacoma, an interesting speaker and a lady prominent among the representative Theosophists of the Pacific slope, lectured to a Victoria audience Sunday evening on "Immortality." The question "if a man die shall he live again?" was answered unhesitatingly in the affirmative, the lady lecturer in her introductory remarks holding that "man shall certainly live again, for death on the physicial plane is life on a higher plane where the germs of spiritual self-consciousness are revived—where all the Ego may gather as the result of the interaction of spirit and matter is garnered. The great God of the Universe is unconditioned—therefore not conceivable to finite minds. Anything conditioned is limited as the conditions may determine. At death we throw off conditions and take on immortality." In her peroration, Mrs Barlow held that "we are now making our conditions for the next earth life. Each man is reaping just what he has sown in a past life. One short life is not taken to condemn a soul for all eternity. Each soul capable of an unselfish act is entitled to a degree of heavenly rest. Men can and do bear mediocre mind, injustice, poverty, and all the ills to which the flesh is heir. It is not the living but the enigma of life itself that is the burden. Everything that exists is a product of the activity of spirit and the higher science is the one by which man learns to know the link which connects spiritual intelligence with corporeal form. The thread of eternal life is never broken, which determines the question if the continuity of cause and effect many be broken until we have become one with the infinite nature and by reason of that nature have transcended the limits of conditions."

M. C. Brown, who successfully ran the Adelphi Saloon during the last 20 years has taken charge again and will be pleased to meet all his old friends and hosts of new ones. *

Mrs. Dr. L. Runyon, chiropodist, manicuring, and removing superfluous hair, facial blemishes; all kind cosmetics for sale, face bleaching and face steaming. Five Sisters block, rooms 33 and 35; office hours 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. *

Razors guaranteed and fine shaving out fits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Tuesday Next

Is our millinery opening, Miss Duffie has returned from San Francisco, bringing with her all the latest styles. Don't miss seeing the Twentieth Century hat. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

J. PARTRIDGE, Proprietor.

MR. LEO BRADLEY

Receives pupils for organ, piano, singing and cello. Lessons given at pupil's residence when desired. Sight singing and elementary violin classes conducted at small fees. Choirmaster and organist R.E. church. Address 10 Blanchard Street. ja6

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Movements of the N.P. Fleet—To Replace the "Velos"—Barkentine "Wrestler."

It was ten o'clock Sunday morning when the N. P. steamship Victoria sailed for Japan and China. She carried a good number of passengers besides a full cargo. Aboard were W. D. G. Gardner-Ingram, St. Paul; A. E. McGlew, a Kobe curio dealer and commission agent; J. Woodbury, wife and family, J. L Boyle, Miss Worthington, Miss Randall, Miss Effa Randall, Miss Anna Wood and Miss Enrick, missionaries from St. Paul; E B. Leddy, of Tacoma; R. S. Hill, a newspaper correspondent, and Mrs. Hill; A. B. Case, postmaster of Tacoma, and Geo. S. Palmer, manager of the C. & C. roller flour mills at Spokane. The ship carries 31 Chinese steerage passengers.

The Northern Pacific steamship agents expect the Tacoma to arrive from the Orient on Wednesday. She has, as before stated, a big cargo to discharge and another to load. At Tacoma a shed full of freight which the Victoria was obliged to leave behind, awaits shipment on the Tacoma. Oriental freights are now more mixed than they have been for several months, and the cargo shipped on the Victoria included a large amount of machinery and cotton, flour being not as important a factor as customary.

TO REPLACE THE "VELOS."

Andrew Christensen, mate of the lost tug Velos, was endeavoring to pick up a crew for the tug Constance yesterday. The Constance is also owned by Ewen & Co., owners of the Velos, whose work it is said she will take up, in charge of Capt. Christenson until Capt. Anderson, who is now in the hospital, is able to get around again. It is only about a year since the Constance was employed about the harbor, and when she returned to the Fraser river the Velos came down.

THE "WRESTLER" TO BE REFITTED.

On Sunday the barkentine Wrestler, which has been at anchor in James bay all winter, was towed around to be refitted on the marine railroad in Esquimalt. She is to have spars placed in her and will be barkentine rigged, as she had been formerly. Recently the Wrestler has changed ownership, a number of Americans being now interested in her. She is a very graceful looking craft and will be as good as new when ready for service again. She will, it is expected, be hauled on the ways to-day, and within a few weeks it is thought will be ready to sail.

MARINE NOTES.

June 5 is the date on which the new American twin-screw steamship St. Louis is scheduled to sail from New York for Southampton. The ship is to run in connection with other vessels of the American line of which Geo. L. Courtney is agent here. She is a magnificent type of vessel, the most modern feature of which is her subdivided transverse bulkheads, rendering her unsinkable.

The bark Silverbow is loading in England for Victoria and Vancouver under charter by Evans, Coleman & Evans.

Tug Falcon came in from Comox yerterday with a big scow load of coal.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer.....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Walla Walla..... " " "
" Daisy..... " Comox.
" Falcon..... " "
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.
" Spinster..... " Nanaimo.
" Umatilla..... " San Francisco.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer.....for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Umatilla..... " " "
" Walla Walla..... " San Francisco.
" Daisy..... " Nanaimo.
" Spinster..... " "
" Princess Louise..... " N. Westminster.

LIQUOR AND INDIANS.

Captain Hunter on Trial for Supplying Intoxicants to Natives on the West Coast.

Capt. James Hunter, of the schooner Morse, was on trial yesterday in the provincial police court for supplying liquor to Indians at Quatsino. Some weeks ago when the schooner was lying at anchor in Quatsino Sound, Constable Leeson saw a drunken Indian woman put ashore from the schooner. This turned out to be Sacket, the Indian man who at that time was masquerading as a woman. Sacket and Mary, a klootchman, gave evidence yesterday to the effect that Capt. Hunter had given them whiskey in his cabin aboard the schooner. Mary also stated that a small bottle of rum, produced in court, was given her by Capt. Hunter.

The defendant was put in the witness box and swore that he had never given nor sold any whiskey to the Indians. Mary and Sacket had stolen the liquor when the captain and crew were on deck, and it was only when he (Captain Hunter) discovered Sacket drunk that he found out the liquor had been taken from a bottle hidden under a pillow in a bunk. Put through a rigid cross-examination, the captain said he had done some smuggling for a number of years, but his present trip was a trading one along the coast. Mr. Gregory appeared for the defence, and after calling as a witness H. Nison, one of the crew, who bore out the defendant's version of the story, argued that the Indian witnesses were not credible. Mr. Macrae, stipendiary magistrate, reserved his decision until this afternoon at a quarter past two.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Albion Cricketers Reorganize for a Busy Season—A Veteran Boneshaker.

An enthusiastic and well attended meeting of the Albion Cricket Club was held at No. 34 Government street, last evening, when matters of importance pertaining to the welfare of the club were discussed, and the officers for the ensuing season were elected. The election resulted in the appointment of the following gentlemen: Q. D. H. Warden, captain; F. W. Thomas, vice-captain, and A. C. Anderson, secretary-treasurer. A. A. Green, C. Schwengers and C. Frost were also appointed to act as a committee.

The Albions this year will endeavor to eclipse their splendid record of the previous season, and the secretary will be pleased to receive the name of any one who desires to become a member of the club.

Wheelmen who know a good thing when they see it and are interested in following the theory of evolution as applied to bicycles, should take a look at the veteran boneshaker displayed in Weiler Bros.' window and then ask themselves the question, "whence have we drifted?"

A meeting of the James Bay Lacrosse Club will be held in the club house on the Caledonia grounds to-morrow evening, when business of importance will come up for consideration.

C. J. Duff's Cloister, who was a big favorite for the grand national steeplechase to be run on Friday at the Liverpool spring meeting, has been scratched. Cloister won the event two years ago and last year went lame before it. He was handicapped at 185 pounds to go four miles and a half.

That Tired Feeling

So common at this season, is a serious condition, liable to lead to disastrous results. It is a sure sign of declining health tone, and that the blood is impoverished and impure. The best and most successful remedy is found in

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Which makes rich, healthy blood, and thus gives strength to the nerves, elasticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain and health to the whole body. In truth, Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes the Weak Strong

Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

Our first shipment of

CRESCENT BICYCLES

Has just come to hand. Be sure and see them

$55.00 $70.00 — PRICES — $95.00 $115.00

"Honest prices need no change."

M. W. WAITT & CO.

SOLE AGENTS, 64 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

160 ACRES LAND, HALL'S PRAIRIE.

The land is of the best quality, very easily cleared, and not subject to flood; it is well situated as to roads, within one half mile of salt water (Semiahmoo Bay) and five miles of railway station. For price and terms apply to

The B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

306 Cordova Street, Vancouver, and Government Street, Victoria. fe26-1m

J. H. WARNER & CO,
PLUMBERS { Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.
Sewer Connections a Specialty.
105 Yates St., Victoria, B.C. P.O. Box 359.
mr17-1mo.

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!!

The Victoria Electric Railway & Lighting Co.

Having arranged extensive alterations and additions to their plant, are now prepared to supply citizens with Electric Lighting to any extent at moderate rates. For terms apply at the offices of the Company, Store Street . . . .

HEDLEY CHAPMAN, Managing Director. mr16-2w

OUR . . . OPENING DAY . . .

On Monday next, the same being the 25th of the month, we make display of our new stock of Dry Goods. . . .

Underwear, Silk and Ribbed Vests, Dress Goods, Tweeds, Suitings, Duck Suits, Fancy Sateens, Embroideries, Laces, Sunshades and Umbrellas.

CAPES . . JACKETS. BLOUSES.

PARASOLS In newest designs. With choice handles.

Store opens at 10 o'clock, Monday, 25th Inst.

THE WESTSIDE. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Men's Good Strong Pants, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.
Men's Good Serge Suits, $5.00.
Men's Good All-wool Suits, new goods, $6.00.
Boys' Suits, All-wool, Long Pants, $5.00.
Boys' Suits, All-wool, Short Pants, 3 Pieces, $4.00.
Men's Good Flannelette Shirts, 35c., worth 50c.
An immense range of Men's Tweed Suits at $7.50, worth $10.
Men's and Boys' Fedora Hats, $1.25 up.
Men's Underwear, good, our regular price, 50c.
Men's Socks, 3 pairs for 25c, seamless.

With every $10.00 Suit sold we will give a copy of the CITY OF PALACES, or the World's Fair Illustrated—160 fine engravings—worth $3.00.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

NOS. 35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Popular Novels.

The Gentleman of France....Stanley Weyman
My Lada Rotha.....Stanley Weyman
Under the Red Robe.....Stanley Weyman
Francis Cludde.....Stanley Weyman
The First of the English.....Gunter
Some Every Day Folk.....Philpotts
People of the Mist.....Haggard
Dolly Dialogues.....Anthony Hope
Philip and His Wife.....Deland
Trilby.....Du Maurier
Billtry, a Parody on Trilby.....
Memoirs of Sherlock Holmes.....Conan Doyle
Adventures of Sherlock Holmes..Conan Doyle
Beyond the Dreams of Avarice.....Besant

For sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

H. Siebenbaum has taken charge of the Palace Saloon. He will be pleased to see all his friends in the new place as well as in the old one. *

Now is the time, 8 cases Burt & Packard's Russia leather boots and shoes, have just arrived at Geo. H. Maynard's, 85 Douglas street, I.O.O.F. Block. *

PULMONIC COUGH CURE

For Recent and Chronic { COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
HALL & CO., PROPRIETORS,
Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts

READ THIS OVER.

If you have one or more teeth badly decayed and would like new teeth that will look exactly like the original, without any plate, I can make them. Call in and inquire, it will cost you nothing for a little talk.

All dental operations done on the easy monthly payment system. H. B. FINDLEY, D.D.S., Philadelphia, 1889. Office over Baker's shoe store, Government street. mr17-1m

THE anniversary of Emmanuel Baptist church was marked with specially interesting and important services Sunday and yesterday evening. On Sunday morning Rev. Solomon Cleaver, of the Metropolitan Methodist church, preached; in the afternoon there was a children's mass meeting at which Superintendent Heard presided and addresses were given by Messrs. McKenzie, Noble, Weston and Lewis—superintendents of other city Sunday schools; in the evening Rev. Thomas Baldwin of Calvary church occupied the pulpit. At all these services the attendance was large and much enthusiasm was manifested. Last evening the school children had their social and tea, after which the assembled audience of big people and little people listened to addresses by Rev. Thomas Baldwin, Rev. D. MacRae, Rev. G. C. King, Rev. Dr. Campbell, Rev. Joseph Hall and Rev. D. Lamont. Rev. P. H. McEwen, pastor of Emmanuel church, presided, and special and appropriate music was provided by the choir, with solos by Mrs. McIntyre and Mr. A E. Wescott.

General purpose and driving horses--A carload of first-class animals has arrived here, and is now at the Club Stables. *

TWO OPERATIONS.

BOTH FAILURES.

A Case of Kidney Complaint That Would Not Yield to Surgery or Medicine Until B. B. B. Was Tried.

GENTLEMEN,—After having undergone two operations for Kidney Complaint without securing the least relief, and hearing of some remarkable cures made by B.B.B in our neighborhood, I decided to try it. I was given up by the doctors after the operations failed, and it was providential that I heard of B.B.B. After the use of six bottles I experienced so great relief and so great a change for the better that I felt the good effects would be lasting, as indeed they have been. The seventh bottle perfectly cured me, and I am now stronger and better than I ever was before. People who saw me before I took B.B.B. and who see me now can scarcely believe that I am the same person.

FABIOLA REINHARDT, Quebec, Que.

Miss Duffie's

Millinery opening on Tuesday next, charming bonnets, Twentieth Century hat, and other new styles will be shown.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE, 86 Yates street.

MEETINGS.

THE VICTORIA Liberal Conservative Ass'n.

SPECIAL MEETING

TUESDAY, MARCH 26,

At 8 p.m., at the Association Rooms, Adelphi Block.
mr23 A. STEWART POTTS, Secretary.

POLITICAL :: MEETING

WILL BE HELD ON

Wednesday Next, March 27th,

AT 3 O'CLOCK P.M.

AT THE SCHOOL-HOUSE, METCHOSIN.

The electors are respectfully invited to attend.

MR. DECOSMOS

will be there according to promise. mr24 3t
(Times copy.)

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the Shareholders of the Williams British Columbia Directory Co., Ltd., will be held in the office of the Company, 28 Broad street, Victoria, B.C., on Wednesday, the 27th day of March, 1895, at 3 p.m.

mr21-td F. L. NEALE, Sec.-Treas.

"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

WELLINGTON COAL. . . $6.50 PER TON.

SAANICH WOOD, $3.50 PER CORD.

SWINERTON & ODDY, 110 Government St.

REPAIRS

ALTERATIONS.
Store and Office Fittings.
Carpenter Work of all descriptions.
Weather Strips.

J. P. BURGESS, Carpenter, 10 Broughton St.

RECIPROCITY.

The United States Will Have None of It Without Discrimination Against Great Britain.

(From the Montreal Gazette.)

The reciprocity treaty of 1854 was the result of the third attempt by Canada to effect an arrangement for preferential trade relations with the United States. It was abrogated by the Washington government on the first possible opportunity. This action was taken in spite of the earnest efforts of the governments of Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, which ended in sending a deputation to Washington to urge the continuance of the agreement which had, it was claimed, been found of benefit to both countries. That deputation consisted of Messrs. Galt (Sir A. T.), Howland, Smith and Henry, and the outcome of its efforts was a memorandum in which these gentlemen declared that they were reluctantly brought to the conclusion that the Congressional Committee of Ways and Means "no longer desire the trade between the two countries to be carried on upon the principles of reciprocity." The treaty ceased to have effect in 1866, and immediately afterwards Lord Russell made overtures to the United States government on behalf of Canada for its renewal, but, like the efforts of Messrs. Galt, Howland, Smith and Henry, they were of no effect. The belief that reciprocity with the United States was very important, if not essential, to Canada's commercial prosperity was strong in the public mind, however, and in 1868 there was embodied in the Dominion statutes provisions for a renewal of the arrangement of 1854. This action passed unnoticed at Washington. In 1869, again, the British minister to the United States, at the instance of the Canadian government, brought the matter before the authorities at Washington, and Sir John Rose went to that city to press it. So futile were his efforts, and so little attention did the United States government give to him, that President Grant reported to congress that "the conversations in relation thereto which had been held were too informal to be made the subject of an official report." In the negotiations of 1871, arising in connection with the Atlantic fishery commission (the truth in regard to which is very forcibly told in the recently issued Life of Sir John Macdonald), a proposal that salt, coal and fish, the product of the two nations, should be admitted free reciprocally into each was made and discussed, and abandoned through the action of the United States representatives. They could, they declared, "hold out no hope that the Congress of the United States would give its consent to any extended plan of reciprocal free admission of the products of the two countries." In 1873 a somewhat novel interest was excited on behalf of the reciprocity idea, when the United States National Board of Trade memorialized Congress to appoint a commission to investigate the question. Though the intimation was made that Canada would acquiesce in any reasonable arrangement, Congress paid as little attention to the representations of United States citizens as it was in the habit of paying to those of Canada and Great Britain. In 1874 there seemed for some time a prospect that the much sought arrangement might be made. Mr. Mackenzie sent Hon. George Brown to Washington and he met from the government there a favorable reception. A treaty was drawn up, only to be rejected in secret session by a senate in political sympathy with the administration. In 1878 the Canadian parliament embodied in the tariff act an offer of reciprocity in a considerable number of articles; but, as in the case of a former offer of the same kind, no notice was taken of it. In 1887 Sir Charles Tupper made an offer of reciprocity to the United States in connection with the negotiations then going on in regard to the Atlantic fisheries; but the U.S. commissioners would not even ask from the President power to consider the proposal, and the arrangement in regard to the privileges of U.S. fishermen in Canadian waters was ignominiously rejected by the senate, as had been the Brown treaty. In 1891 Sir John Thompson went to Washington, in pursuance of an understanding with Mr. Blaine, then secretary of state of the United States, and found that President Harrison had gone on a political tour, and was too busy to bother about Canada's trade affairs.

Canada has fourteen times intimated her readiness to make a reciprocal trade arrangement with her neighbor. Once only was a treaty made, and at the earliest possible moment the United States denounced and abrogated it. Governments of both political stripes, and coalition governments, in Canada have alike sought and failed to get reciprocity from Washington. It has, in fact, become a settled policy on the part of those who control the affairs of the United States to have no reciprocity with Canada on terms that Canada could accept. Mr. Blaine, when he was secretary of state, plainly intimated that Canada could get the free benefit of the United States market only by becoming politically part and parcel of the United States. He would not then consider Canada's reciprocity offer because it contemplated the extension to the goods of Great Britain of the advantages to be extended under the suggested arrangement to those of the United States. He reported that "it seemed to be impossible for the Canadian government, in view of its present political relations and obligations, to extend to American goods a preferential treatment over those of other countries. As Canada was a part of the British Empire they did not consider it competent for the Dominion government to enter into any commercial agreement with the United States, from the benefits of which Great Britain and its colonies would be excluded." President Harrison, in a message to congress in June, 1892, speaking of reciprocity with Canada, said: "A treaty that should be reciprocal in fact and of mutual advantage, must necessarily have embraced an important list of manufactured articles, and have secured to the United States a free or favored reduction of these articles into Canada as against the world." "The world" includes Great Britain, and even if Canada were ready to accept the United States' position and negotiate on a basis that would mean giving a foreign nation's goods a preference over those from the Mother country which protects us—and which has repeatedly protected us against United States aggression—there is not the slightest assurance that anything would come of it. The reciprocity clauses of the McKinley tariff law were not meant to include Canada in their scope. While Mr. Blaine, who designed them, was secretary of state of the United States, he would not negotiate with Canada under them, though he did with all the second rate powers of South and Central America, not one of whom buys from the United States anything proportionate to Canada's imports from the republic. The idea is strong in the United States that Canada can be frozen into annexation. It was behind the abrogation of the treaty of 1854. It was behind the McKinley bill. It was seen in the contemptuous treatment of the Canadian delegates in 1891. It has had a new birth of late, due largely to the work of Farrer and Wiman, and somewhat to the unwise and unpatriotic utterances of public men in Canada, who, for selfish political purposes, have not hesitated to decry and belie the strength and resources and patriotism of their own people. It had expression only last month in an article by Andrew Carnegie, a denationalized British subject, which has been widely and favorably spoken of in the United States. The Democrats are on principle opposed to reciprocity treaties. They abrogated last year the clauses of the tariff law under which the Blaine arrangements had been made. The Republicans are opposed on principle to reciprocity treaties with Canada except on conditions that would discriminate against Great Britain, and would practically hand this country over commercially bound to the United States. No one who has studied the history of past reciprocity negotiations can believe that their renewal would result in any good to Canada. No one who has studied this history and listens to the promises to secure reciprocity that the Liberals are making in some parts of the country can believe that they are meant for any but deceptive purposes.

CIVIC AFFAIRS.

To the Editor:—Alderman Macmillan has given notice of motion to reduce the engineer's staff and to employ an engineer at $175 per month. If this change is due to desire for economy, the object might be better met by reduction of the salaries of the aldermen themselves. When will these men learn wisdom? In the present city engineer we have a thoroughly competent, hard-working and honest official. We have only had such an one, so far as I remember, for the past thirty years, and he left to better himself, prompted, no doubt, also by the inadequate salary and general annoyance on the part of the ever-changing authorities. One result of the proposed change will be the loss of the knowledge and experience in the work of his office, which Mr. Wilmot has acquired during the past few months, and which the new incumbent will have to acquire, not without loss of valuable time. The question which concerns the ratepayers most is, apart from the folly and injustice of the proposed move, Can an equally capable man be engaged at the salary mentioned? I for one do not think so. Wages have been steadily going up for the past few years. I have seen men breaking stone with hammers quite lately, and with "Jumbo" and the rock crusher close at hand, who made $2.25 a day, and yet Alderman Macmillan is so ignorant of professional qualifications as to expect to get the services of a duly qualified engineer at the salary mentioned. And to emphasize its absurdity he, as one of the council, actually agreed to pay two hydraulic experts $100 a day each to examine and report upon the filter bed plans! I wonder, by the way, whether the council will grasp the importance of that portion of the report which treats of the inadequacy of the gathering ground, and the "head," and accept the advice of the experts as to an examination of these points, before expending about $100,000 on the works. Increased population will require more water, and we know that the limit of two million gallons a day is all that we have. All these questions show the folly of leaving their solution in the hands of such scratch teams as are always sent to the council board of Victoria. Is it not time that the public works were taken away from them and put in the hands of those able to deal with them?

Eocene.

Thousands of cases of rheumatism have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is abundant reason for belief that it will cure you.

If you want bargains in furniture, carpets, linoleums, curtains, crockery, glassware lamps, etc., go to the Sehl, Hastie, Erskine Furniture Company, you will find their prices the lowest in the province for cash. *

Everything in art drapery effects, including a nice lot of new cretonnes, can be seen at Weller Bros.'

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

Despatch a steamer every five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

Umatilla - - - March 29

R. P. RITHET & CO.
mch26 Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN
W. D. OWEN, MASTER.

On and after March 22nd, 1895,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. fe6

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 26
Takes effect March 1, 1895.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 7 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock, Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points, and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, Jan. 1st, 1895.

$2 PER ANNUM

THE PIONEER NEWSPAPER

$2 PER ANNUM

The Weekly Colonist

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Most Interesting Weekly Newspaper Published in British Columbia.

Every Issue Contains Full Local, Provincial and General News.

SEND IT ABROAD.

Information about British Columbia is now sought for in every quarter of the English-speaking world. There is no better evidence of the progress and prosperity of the Province than that furnished by the character of its Newspapers. It is universally conceded that The Colonist is first among the excellent Newspapers of British Columbia. If you desire to advise your friends abroad on matters pertaining to this Province, you can use no more accurate and convincing argument than furnished you in The Weekly Colonist.

READ IT AT HOME.

Residents in every section of the Province should read The Weekly Colonist if they wish to keep posted on the News of the World, the News of the Province, or on the Political Situation—Provincial, Dominion or Imperial. The Colonist is ably edited, supplies the cream of the Local and Foreign News, and furnishes a vast amount of general information valuable to every reader. The ladies are not forgotten, for the Fashions of the Day and other matters peculiar to women are described and illustrated by clever people. Your family will be more intelligent by constantly reading British Columbia's Great Weekly.

FOR $2 PER YEAR

The Weekly Colonist will be sent, postage free, to any part of Canada or the United States. To all European countries, the postal charge per copy is 2 cents, making the paper $3.00 per year. You can send your subscription direct to the office of publication, or pay it to any authorized agent. You can subscribe for it at any time. The best time is now. Address all letters to

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., Ld.,

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE BANK OF B. N. A.

Address of the Chairman and Discussion at the Annual Meeting.

The following report of the proceedings at the annual meeting of the above institution is condensed from the Money Market Review, London, of March 9:—

The fifty-ninth yearly general meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of British North America was held at the office of the corporation, 3 Clement's lane, Lombard street, on Tuesday, under the presidency of Mr. G. D. Whatman.

The Secretary, Mr. A. G. Wallis, having read the notice convening the meeting,

The Chairman said: Gentlemen, it has fallen to my lot on this occasion to move the adoption of the report and balance sheet, and, in doing so, to offer you some explanations of the contents of that report. At the last meeting in September you will remember that a diminished profit, and therefore a diminished divedend, was reported to you, and those who were present at that meeting, or who read the chairman's speech, must, I think, have felt no very great surprise when they found, by the report which has lately been circulated, that the profits earned during the last half of 1894 showed a very considerable falling off from the amount earned in 1893, and I think it must have come still less as a surprise to those of you who are conversant with what has been the state of trade and the state of the money market both here and in America during the past year. I am afraid I am only repeating what you must have heard or read lately over and over again, even ad nauseam, in the speeches of bank chairmen during the past few weeks, when I try to put before you some of the causes which have been at work and which have resulted in our being compelled to declare a so greatly diminished dividend on this occasion. First of all, I would point out that our earning power in Canada and the United States has been enormously decreased by the wholesale depression pervading every trade and industry, and that this depression has now continued for a very considerable length of time. The reports which we receive from time to time from our general manager, and from the managers of our various branches, fully bear this out, not in Canada only, but also in New York and San Francisco, in which cities we have agencies. Our managers and agents report unanimously that it has been more difficult than ever to employ the funds entrusted to them profitably and safely, even at reduced rates; and that, owing to the marked decrease in exports to Europe, there has not been as much exchange offering as usual, while the competition to obtain what has been offered has had the effect of raising the rates, and therefore decreasing the amount of profit arising from this department of our business. The managers of some of our largest branches report on the paralysis which has fallen on the commercial world, and the steady decline in value of the mass of staple commodities, thereby rendering business largely unremunerative; and also the decline in rates for advances, which have fallen in some cases from about 6 per cent. to about 4 per cent., while the rates which we have to allow on deposits are only very slightly lower than formerly. This being the state of affairs in the country in which we do business, I think it is evident that to have launched out at all in making advances, or to have endeavored in other ways outside the ordinary course of our business to improve our profits, would inevitably have entailed greater risks, and as inevitably in the end a considerable harvest of losses and bad debts. A time when traders are all full of stocks which they not only cannot sell, but but the macket value of which they see continually declining, is not a time in which we should go out of our way to make new advances. Helping deserving customers in times of difficulty is quite another thing, and that we have been ready to do as much as ever. Then, again, with regard to the employment of our reserves. Both in New York and in London, which are our great centres of the employment of most of our reserves, and the places where we keep our call and short dated money, we have been earning next to nothing. In New York the average rate that we have received during 1894 has been only a little more than 1¾ per cent., against an average of 5½ per cent. in 1893. The rates in London have also been, as you are all aware, at record-low prices during the whole of 1894, the Bank of England rate having been 2 per cent. and the rate for money at call and short notice at a still lower figure—both of them record-low prices for a whole year. We have always—and I imagine that no shareholder would wish us to do otherwise—we have always kept our available reserves at a high figure, and certainly the past year has not been a time when it would have been wise to depart from that policy. No one could possibly advocate the depletion of our reserves, which are the foundation of all credit, in order to make a little extra profit in times such as we are passing through—times which no less an authority than the High Commissioner for Canada characterized the other day as "unprecedented." The view of this board has always been to keep our reserves as high, and our assets as liquid, as possible, and we have no intention of changing that policy under existing circumstances. I would remind you that the connection between Canada and the United States is so close, and the interests of trade between the two countries are so closely interwoven that when the United States are sick and suffering, it is impossible to expect that Canada should not suffer also. So that it comes to this—it is not the fault of our banking business; our business is carried on on the same sound and safe lines that have always regulated it, and our business generally is as good and sound as it ever was; but it is the present unfortunate state of the country in which our business lies, or rather the conditions of finance and trade prevailing in that country, that are the causes of the present decrease in profits. I will now make a few remarks of a more particular character on the subject of the accounts which are before you. The net profit for the year 1894 amounts to £41,587, against £76,131 at the end of 1893. This after providing for all bad and doubtful debts, and I can assure you that we do, and always have, put the knife in as deeply as is required in this respect. Of course, during the year there have been bad debts, but they have been scattered, and have, I believe, been fully provided for. I state this because I am aware that some people have, and perhaps very naturally so, attributed the smaller dividend which we propose to pay to losses in Newfoundland. That is an erroneous impression, for the amount of loss which we shall make there will not, I believe exceed £2,000, and arose only through the purchase of bills of exchange upon firms in this country which were compelled to suspend payment owing to the failure of the Newfoundland banks. Many years ago we had a branch there, but it was closed in 1857. A few years ago it was represented to us that we might do well by opening a branch again. We therefore sent one of our most experienced and reliable officers to Newfoundland to report to us on the subject, and the result was that we came to the conclusion it would not be advisable to recommence doing business there; and I think events have proved that we were right. To go back to the accounts, with so small an amount of profit available for distribution, there were only two courses open to us, either to pay a reduced dividend, or to take a considerable sum from our published reserves, and I feel sure you will approve our action in taking the former of these two alternatives. The credit of every bank depends upon the maintenance of its reserves, and I for one, under such circumstances as the present, should be very loth to see them reduced in order to pay a larger dividend. Everyone who holds bank shares must know or ought to know that as in every other trade there are cycles of good and of bad times, which must affect the profits of every institution, and I therefore venture to think that you will support the course we have adopted on this occasion. There is another item in the accounts to which I will draw your attention, because at these meetings we have sometimes heard friendly criticisms on the small amount of our invested funds. Our investments now amount to £313,035, against £161,455 at this time last year. We still hold our Consols at 90, which is a good feature in our balance-sheet, and the other investments are composed of Canadian railway debentures, Canadian municipal bonds, and bonds of the United States Government, the largest amount being in the latter security. I should like also to point out to you the strong position of the bank with respect to the liquid nature of our assets. Our current and deposit accounts, together with our circulation, amount to £2,230,000. We have cash and short notice money, bills which could be discounted at an hour's notice, and securities which we could realize in almost as short a time amounting to over £2,350,000, so that our immediately available assets bear a proportion of over 100 per cent. to those liabilities to the public which I have mentioned, and I may add that these figures represent the normal state of the bank during the year, and are not in any way manipulated in order to make a good show at the times of preparing the balance sheet. The shareholders will probably have seen with regret a notice which appeared in the papers towards the end of the year to the effect that our excellent and highly esteemed general manager, Mr. R. R. Grindley, had resigned his post, and that we had appointed Mr. Stikeman general manager in his place. I may tell you that this step had been in contemplation for some time, in consequence of Mr. Grindley's own desire to be relieved from his duties after forty years of devotion to the bank's service, and we therefore two years ago moved Mr. Stikeman, who had been our agent in New York, to Montreal, so that he might be able to acquaint himself with the duties of general manager, and might be able to step into that post on Mr. Grindley's retirement. We have every confidence in Mr. Stikeman, and though parting very regretfully with Mr. Grindley, we feel sure that in our new general manager we have a strong and experienced man, who enjoys the confidence and esteem of every one who knows him on both sides of the Atlantic. I will not detain you, gentlemen, with any further remarks, but will now formally move the adoption of the report.

Mr. Henry B. Farrar seconded the resolution.

Mr. Lewis said it was quite true that there was depression in Canada, as the chairman had stated, but that depression had not affected the Canadian banks to the extent it had affected this bank. They had paid the usual dividends, he thought, with one exception, and had added materially to their reserves. He was afraid that the Canadian business was dropping away from this bank, and the directors had been relying too much on the profits made in the United States. When money got tight in New York orders went to the general manager to stop discounts at the local branches, because the company was using the funds at New York to better advantage. He thought this policy in years past had had the effect of driving the Canadian business away from the bank, because they had not been ready to respond to the demands of the customers of the bank at the time when they needed assistance. He thought another element of weakness was the position of the bank, which, of course, was unavoidable. The local banks were very numerous, and the stockholders no doubt did business with the banks with which they were connected. There was nothing to keep this bank in touch with the mercantile community, except the general manager, who, after all, was only a human being. He thought, therefore, it was a mistake that the bank did not have an advisory board in Montreal. These remarks, he added, were not made in a hostile spirit.

Mr. M. Powell suggested that a report of the proceedings should be printed and circulated amongst the shareholders for the benefit of those who could not attend the meeting. He expressed the hope that the proprietors might rely on what the chairman had stated, that there were no unusual bad debts, because some years ago they had to write off £80,000 for bad debts in the lumber trade. He had learned with great satisfaction that the charter had been renewed, but he understood that there was some general scheme afloat for all banks in Canada, and he would be glad to know if the directors had any idea as to what would happen when the charter expired in six years.

The Chairman, in reply said he was afraid he could not give Mr. Powell any definite information now about the charter. The matter would come before the directors in due course, and he would rather not prophesy about what he really did not know. Mr. Powell had asked whether there were any unusual bad debts which the directors feared might cause a large sum to be taken from the reserve fund hereafter. He could assure the proprietors, as he had already said, that the directors had put the knife in as deeply as he thought was required, and he did not anticipate that hereafter they would be called upon to pay for any debts which were hanging over them. The report of the chairman's speech on these occasions was always printed and circulated amongst the shareholders, the directors having no wish to conceal anything. Mr. Lewis had suggested that there should be an advisory board in Canada. Such a board had existed at one time, but it was put an end to because it was found that it did not work. He (the chairman) thought it was much better to have one head rather than several heads. The board in London were in touch as far as they could be with the management in Canada.

The resolution was then put and carried unanimously.

Messrs. J. H. Brodie, Richard H. Glyn, and Frederic Lubbock, the retiring directors, were unanimously re-elected; and Mr. Edwin Waterhouse and Mr. George Sneath were re-appointed auditors.

Mr. Christie proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Grindley, the late general manager of the bank, remarking that he had served the bank well for many years.

Mr. Hewat seconded the motion, which was cordially adopted.

The Chairman stated that he would have the greatest pleasure in informing Mr. Grindley of this vote of thanks for his long and able services to the bank.

Mr. Powell moved a vote of thanks to the directors and officers of the bank both here and in Canada for their services during the past year.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Hewat, and carried.

The Chairman briefly acknowledged the compliment, and the proceedings then terminated.

B·B·B

CURES

DYSPEPSIA

SCROFULA

CONSTIPATION

THE SECRET

Of the marvelous success of Burdock Blood Bitters lies in its specific curative power over every organ of the body. The Liver, the Blood, the Bowels, the Stomach, the Kidneys, the Skin, the Bladder, in fact, all parts of the human system are regulated, purified, and restored to perfect natural action by this medicine. Thus it **CURES** all diseases affecting these or other parts of the system, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Bad Blood, Biliousness, Headache, Kidney and Liver Complaint, Obstinate Humors, Old Sores, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Nervous or General Debility, and all irregularities of the system, caused by Bad Blood or disordered action of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver or Kidneys. Thousands of testimonials warrant the assertion that B.B.B. is the **BEST SPRING MEDICINE FOR YOUNG OR OLD.**

Insure your plate glass. Mellor. *

TENDERS

NOTICE.

Separate Tenders

will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, 1st day of April next, for supplying Coal and Wood to the Corporation for city purposes.

Forms of tender may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., March 23, 1895. mr21

TENDERS

will be received up to Thursday noon, March 28th, for the clearing of certain Park Lands near Oak Bay Hotel

Plans and specifications can be seen at the offices of the Victoria Electric Railway, Store street.

H. CHAPMAN,
Managing Director.

mr24-4t

NOTICE—SALE BY TENDER.

Under and by virtue of a power contained in certain Indentures of Mortgage, tenders will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the property of the B.C. Paper Manufacturing Co., Ltd., consisting of Sawmill and Papermill, with all requisite Machinery, Steamer and 160 acres of land, all situate at Alberni, B C; also large stock of Paper on hand. All tenders to be submitted by noon, April 2. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For full particulars apply to

POWELL & LAMPMAN,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee.

Dated at Victoria, the 16th March. mr17-12t

NAVAL CONTRACTS.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty on or before noon of Monday, 1st April, 1895, for sweeping chimneys at H.M. Naval Establishments, Esquimalt, from the 16th April, 1895.

Forms of tender and further information can be obtained on application to the Assistant Civil Engineer Esquimalt Yard.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. H. LOBB,
Naval Storekeeper.

Royal Naval Yard,
Esquimalt, 23rd March, 1895. mr24-3t

M. G. BLANCHARD, V. S.,

Graduate of Montreal Veterinary College,

Dominion Veterinary Inspector.

Office, Victoria Transfer Stables. Telphone 129. Residence 56 Michigan St. Telephone 110. feb-6m

[L.S.] E. DEWDNEY.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the Cowichan-Alberni Electoral District:

WHEREAS, a vacancy has happened in the Legislative Assembly, by the acceptance of office of the Honourable Theodore Davie, Q.C., a member for the Cowichan-Alberni Electoral District, we command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made according to law, of one member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, for the Cowichan-Alberni Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the ....day of....next, and do cause the name of such Member when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 7th day of May, next, the election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly endorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia. WITNESS: The Honourable Edgar Dewdney, at Our Government House, at Victoria, the nineteenth day of March, in the Year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

By command.

HARVEY COMBE,
Deputy Registrar, Supreme Court.

mr22

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

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THE COLONIST

LITHOGRAPHING DEPARTMENT.

-THE 20th PART-

The last and greatest part of "MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD" is issued to-day.

This set of Portfolios, the best and most artistic of all offered to the public, should be in the houses and on the tables of all our readers.

The small cost, TEN CENTS a part, or TWO DOLLARS for the

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we will supply our readers with back numbers, as well as the current part on presentation of the Coupon and Ten Cents for each part required.

If you have not already secured the back numbers send Two Dollars and receive the whole set at once, complete.

NOTICE.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's office, Quesnelle, B.C., on THURSDAY, THE 25th DAY OF APRIL, 1895, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of dealing with a proposition received from an English Syndicate, particulars of which will then be placed before the meeting.

By order.

W. A. JOHNSTON,
Secretary.

mr21-1m-d&w

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Importers and dealers in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods

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☞Through Tourist Sleepers to Montreal and Boston every Wednesday, without change.

☞Through Tourist Sleepers to Toronto every Sunday, without change.

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Allan Line	Mongolian	Mar 30
"	Laurentian	Apr 13
"	Numidian	Apr 27
Dominion Line	Labrador	Apr 6
"	Vancouver	Apr 20
"	Oregon	May 4

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line	Etruria	Mar 30
"	Aurania	Apr 6
"	Umbria	Apr 13
American Line	Berlin	Apr 3
"	Paris	Apr 10
"	New York	Apr 17
White Star Line	Adriatic	Apr 3
"	Teutonic	Apr 10
"	Britannic	Apr 17
North Ger. Lloyd	Saale	Apr 2
"	Ems	Apr 6
"	Havel	Apr 9
Anchor Line	Furnessia	Apr 6
"	Anchoria	Apr 20
"	Ethiopia	Apr 27
Red Star Line	Noordland	Apr 3
"	Waesland	Apr 10
"	Friesland	Apr 17
Allan State Line	California	May 11
"	Nebraska	May 25
"	California	June 8

FROM VICTORIA.

C.P. SS. Line	Empress of India	Apr 1
"	Empress of Japan	Apr 22
"	Empress of China	May 13
Can.-Aus. Line	R.M.S. Warrimoo	Apr 16
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7:00 a.m. Lv.. SPOKANE .. Ar. 5:30 p.m

On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. jal

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, March 24, 1895.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m..	38°	Mean 42°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	39°		
9 a. m..	43°	Highest 45°	5 a.m.—4 N.
1 p. m.,	45°		1 p.m.—12 N.
5 p. m..	43°	Lowest 37°	9 p.m.—12 N.
9 p. m..	42°		Rain—.02.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

ESQUIMALT STATION, March 25, 1895.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m.,	42°	Mean 46°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	42°		
9 a. m.,	47°	Highest 53°	5 a. m—4 N.W.
1 p. m.,	53°		1 p. m.—Calm.
5 p. m..	51°	Lowest 41°	9 p. m.—4 N.W.
9 p. m..	46°		Rain—.01.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—2 hrs. 54 min.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—J Dunsmuir, Mrs A G Barlow, F T Way, Mrs J Kelsey, Mrs W Thotherd, G F Evans, A J Bechtel, J W Barber, L Gregson, Ed O'Brien.

Per Str. PRINCESS LOUISE from Westminster—Miss F G Wicket, J H Gray, Mrs Grimmer, Jos Johns, Mrs Richardson, W H Darling, Mr and Mrs Bicor, F R Stewart, A Vige, Dr Bailley, A Bentley, H Macklin, Capt D M Kennedy, D De-Main T Kelly, C S Swabb, C Stamford, Prof Austen.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—J H Todd & Son, James McMillan, E G Prior & Co, P T Johnson, R B Oxley, D H Ross & Co, and A R Johnson & Co.

Per Str. PRINCESS LOUISE from Westminster—John Parker, Abe Vige, W C Ward, Mrs J W Williams, John Tollick B C Cattle Co, Turner Beeton & Co, R P Rithet & Co Ld, Acid Works, Sere & Co, Geo Vienna, J Caripputler, Peter Brown, and J H Todd & Son.

A NUMBER of members of the city council drove out in hacks to Beaver and Elk lakes yesterday morning and spent several hours with Mr. Jorgenson looking over the site of the new waterworks improvements.

LIBERAL CONSERVATIVES should not forget the meeting of the association at the Adelphi hall to-night. Since their last gathering there the convention has been held and the session of parliament called, which two facts have an important bearing upon the work of the organization. The standard-bearers of the party, Messrs. Earle and Prior, will be present by invitation and deliver addresses.

IN chambers yesterday before Mr. Justice Drake, Mr. S. Perry Mills made application on behalf of defendant to add Mr. W. H. Langley as party defendant in McGraw v. Davis & Co. This is the case in which Miss McGraw, better known as Mrs. McGovern, is suing for alleged unlawful detention of her goods, and Mr. Langley claimed a lien upon them for solicitor's fees. The application was refused, but an order was made for payment into court of the amount due by plaintiff to defendant. Mr. A. L. Belyea appeared for plaintiff.

THE feature of last night's meeting of the Natural History Society was the promised paper by Rev. Canon Beanlands on "Independence of Environment." It would be an injustice to the learned essayist to attempt to convey briefly the substance of his remarks, the subject being highly philosophical and the treatment of it scholarly and argumentative. A good deal of interesting discussion was provoked, and altogether the evening was one of the most enjoyable of the season's series. A well-merited vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Beanlands at the close of the meeting.

THE RUSSIAN GREEK baptismal ceremonies were performed by a couple of San Francisco priests at the residence of D. K. Chungranes, corner of Toronto and Catherine streets, on Sunday at noon. The ceremony lasted over an hour. They were witnessed by a large gathering of persons of the Russian Greek faith and others who attended by invitation. The baptized were the 12-year and 5 year-old daughters of Mr. Chungranes. After prayers were offered each child in turn was stripped and placed in a tub of luke-warm water; olive oil was then poured on the child's head and a small procession, including a priest, the godfather and godmother with lighted candles in hand, solemnly marched three times around the baptismal vessel. Again prayers were offered and the whole service being over the water was taken to the shore and, according to custom, cast into the sea. The priests who performed the ceremonies and who came here especially for the purpose have returned home. The Russian Greeks are not very numerous in Victoria and their baptisms here are consequently very rare.

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

Quick Time to the East.

The Great Northern train now leaves Seattle at 6 p. m., and arrives in St. Paul at 5 55 p. m. This change in the time card puts Victorians 20 hours nearer St. Paul, Chicago, New York, etc., and passengers have only to lay over at Seattle 1 hour now. *

THANKFUL TO-DAY

THAT HE IS WELL.

Lorenzo Puliston, a Well Known Citizen of Sydney Mines, C.B., Tells How Burdock Blood Bitters Cured Him of Scrofula, Spots, Blemishes, Etc.

DEAR SIRS,—I am thankful to say that through the use of B.B.B. I am strong and healthy to-day. I was troubled with Scrofula and Spots and Blemishes all over my body. Being recommended to try B B.B. I did so, and can positively say that it made a perfect cure. The first bottle was very successful, and before I had taken half of the second I was completely well. I recommend B.B.B. to all comers.

LORENZO PULISTON,
Sydney Mines, C.B.

Carpenters' tools at Cheapside. *

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A Private Meeting to Be Held To-day to Consider the Estimates.

Ald. Macmillan's Plan of Retrenchment in City Engineer's Department Laid Over.

The first communication read at the city council meeting last night was a complaint from Mr. Hedley Chapman, managing director of the tramway company, that the company's rights are being infringed upon by the Driard hotel selling electric light.

ALD. MACMILLAN did not see that it was any business of the city to interfere. If the company's rights are being infringed upon, let them protect them. On his motion the letter was filed.

H. P. Bell wrote advising the city in building the waterworks improvements to make the reservoir as small as possible compatible with safety, as modern science shows that bacteria form more quickly in a large surface reservoir. The letter was laid on the table.

G. Jorgenson's offer to superintend the building of the waterworks improvements for the usual 5 per cent. fee was laid over.

Old man McPhadden's case came in for still another discussion. This arose over a letter signed by Senator Macdonald and a number of others stating that McPhadden is deserving of charitable treatment by the city.

"Let them take hold of him themselves if they want to," said Ald. Humphrey.

ALD. WILSON—"They would have a hard job of it."

ALD. WILLIAMS disagreed with his two confreres. He thought McPhadden had been somewhat cruelly treated. It was too bad to leave an old man out in the streets without food and shelter. He moved that the matter be referred to the home committee with power to take McPhadden back into the home if they decided to do so. The law, he said, requires the city to look after its poor in any event.

ALD. HUMPHREY explained that McPhadden was not turned out of the home but left it of his own accord.

ALD. MACMILLAN, as a member of the home committee, would not plead guilty to the indictment of cruelty. McPhadden had positively refused to go back to the home.

McPhadden would never go back to the home with Ald. Wilson's consent. The alderman was surprised at Ald. Williams' recommendation. The home committee had about made arrangements with the government to take McPhadden to the Kamloops home in exchange for another old man who would remain in the city home. In the meantime McPhadden might be handed over to the charge of the Salvation Army while he is in town.

ALD. BRAGG dropped into poetry in support of Ald. Williams' contention, reciting that "While the lamp holds out to burn the vilest sinner may return."

On the Mayor's suggestion Ald. McLellan moved that McPhadden be provided for in town at the same rate as his keep in the home would amount to, until he be removed to the Kamloops home. This was agreed to by the council.

STREET PAVING.

The City Engineer and City Assessor submitted a report of the cost of the proposed street paving as follows:

"In preparing the report we have charged the whole cost of the works against the lots fronting and abutting on the streets named in detail. The price per foot front ranges from $6 to $8 50, the total cost being $39,229, as follows: View street, 358½ feet frontage, $2,151; Broad street, 736¼ feet frontage, $4,788 87; Yates street, 1,748 feet frontage, $13,984; Government street, 1,593 1 6 feet frontage, $13 541.90; and Fort street, 581 feet frontage, $4,764.20 If the city wishes to assume any portion of the above cost please refer report back to us, when we can make the necessary alterations."

This was referred to the streets committee.

The finance committee were granted $4,441 out of general revenue and $829 for paying experts and express on the filter bed plans.

It was decided, on recommendation of the finance committee, to hand the $5 65 now to the credit of the Pemberton gymnasium to the school trustees to spend on fittings for the building.

FIRE ALARM WIRES.

The electric light committee reported that the specifications for the electric light work completion would soon be ready, and that the Canadian General Electric Company are entitled to another 25 per cent. on their contract. Adopted.

C. H. Stickels reported as follows to the fire wardens: "Regarding the quantity of wire needed and cost of putting up the same for repairs to the fire alarm system, I beg to state that for the reasons given in a former report the old fire alarm lines are not worth repairing. They should be entirely rebuilt. For this purpose you will need 14¼ miles of No. 10 B. & S. galvanized iron wire, weather proof insulation. As the line could follow existing pole lines nearly its entire length, only very few poles would require to be set—very probably less than 50 poles. The insulators now in use on the old city arc lighting circuits could be used at a considerable saving. Estimated cost: 14¼ miles wire, $498 75; putting up at $70 per mile, $997 50; total, $1,496 25. The old covered wire now in use (about three miles) would be needed to install bells, replacing the bare wire now in use."

ALD. MACMILLAN said that though the line needed rebuilding the people have refused to pass the fire by-law, so there are no funds available.

ALD. PARTRIDGE objected to the chairman of the fire wardens (Ald. Wilson) getting Mr. Stickels to make a report without consulting the rest of the committee.

ALD. WILSON replied that Ald. Bragg had been spoken to upon the subject.

ALD. BRAGG had not understood that Mr. Stickels was to be asked to make a report, but thought that Ald. Wilson had taken a very necessary step.

The report was laid over.

J. C. Keith, architect of the electric power house, sent in the account of the work done on the building, and Ald. Bragg's motion to pay the bill, laid over from last meeting, was passed.

ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

ALD. MACMILLAN moved "that on and after the 15th of April next the services of the city engineers under the present arrangement be dispensed with, and one engineer be employed to fill the position at a salary of $175 per month." There were, he said, at present a city engineer at $190 a month; an assistant at $125, and a clerk at $83, in the city engineer's office, their salaries, with extras, amounting to $4,791. Then there were extras on account of surveys, bringing up the the whole cost of the department to $8,513 for last year. There will be less work to do this year and with the failing revenue of the city there should be retrenchment. He believed, too, that while workingmen had to toil for nine hours a day the city engineer should do more than 5½ hours' work a day. Adding 21 hours a week to the engineer's work would enable him to get through a great deal more than at present. He disclaimed any personal feeling in the matter.

ALD. PARTRIDGE in amendment moved that the matter be laid over. He wanted the estimates to come up first.

ALD. MCLELLAN seconded the amendment.

ALD. WILLIAMS would be willing to have the resolution laid over if the estimates were taken up at once, but otherwise he would vote for it going through now.

It being decided that the estimates would be dealt with at a meeting to-day (Tuesday) the amendment was carried on the following division:

For—Ald. McLellan, Williams, Hall, Wilson and Partridge—5.

Against—Ald. Humphrey, Macmillan, Bragg and Cameron—4.

The council then adjourned to meet in private session to-day at half-past two.

ALASKA'S BOUNDARY.

The United States Would Win by Negotiation What the Surveys Show to Be Great Britain's.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—United States territorial rights in Alaska, as against British claims there, have again been brought to the attention of the state department. Under the representations of American boundary commissions and Anglo-Canadian boundary commission of last year, England lays claim to a large and valuable portion of Alaska, both in the interior and on the seaboard, which had previously been regarded as American territory. Both of the commissions of survey came to very nearly the same conclusion regarding the questions which they had been appointed to settle. There were however diverse opinions between them regarding certain matters which cannot be overlooked. The fundamental fact to be kept in mind regarding Alaska and the joint British and American survey of it is that the boundaries will not be finally settled until they have been made the subject of diplomatic negotiations between the governments at London and Washington under the terms of the treaty of 1825 between Russia and Great Britain, by which treaty our own rights must be determined.

Since the completion of the survey it is the negotiating authorities of the two powers that must attempt to determine the validity of their respective claims, in so far as they may conflict, and the English desire that the line shall be drawn so as to cross some of the broad inlets in the southwest, through which they can obtain direct access to their own domains from the sea, and near which they can establish fortifications that may yet be serviceable to them.

THE SEALING CLAIMS.

Preparations for a Treaty to Secure the Carrying Out of the Paris Award.

WASHINGTON, March 25—Sir C. H. Tupper, the Canadian minister of justice, and the gentlemen who will accompany him to Washington, will not probably arrive until the middle of next month. The purpose of their visit, as has been announced, is that they may be consulted by the British ambassador, Sir Julian Pauncefote in the preparations looking to the formation of a commission to consider the claims of the Canadian sealers against the U. S., under the findings of the Paris tribunal. The Canadians will remain about one week, at the end of which time it is thought a treaty will be agreed upon by Secretary Gresham and the British ambassador.

PERSONAL.

A. J. Bechtel has arrived back from California.

N. J. Nielson, San Francisco, is registered at the New England.

H. Macklin arrived down from Plumper Pass by the Louise last evening.

F. Victor Austin arrived over from the Mainland by last night's steamer.

Mrs. Charles J. V. Spratt has left for San Francisco by the direct steamer.

Rev. R. F. and Mrs. Powell, of Walla Walla, are guests at the Dominion.

J. C. Maclure, of Robt. Ward & Co., Ltd., has returned from the Mainland.

James Dunsmuir arrived home from California by Sunday morning's Rosalie.

F. R. Stewart, Vancouver, and W. S. Smart, Winnipeg, are guests at the Balmoral.

A. W. Vowell, superintendent of Indian affairs, has returned from an official visit to the Mainland.

J. Grimblet and Mrs. Grimblet, Olympia, and Mr. Geo. R. Ogg, London, are among the arrivals at the Oriental.

Hon. Theodore Davie, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, starts for home from the Dominion capital to-day.

A. R Kelly, San Francisco; R. L. Short, G. E. Evans, O L. Spencer and Geo. Turner, Vancouver, are among the guests at the Driard.

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MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Fruit Transportation.

CHICAGO, March 25.—Armour & Co. have made an arrangement with the Southern Pacific company by which about 400 or 500 specially constructed cars will be brought into use for expansion of the freight transportation trade between California and Eastern points. The cars will combine all the improvements necessary for the purpose of meeting the needs of orange and lemon transportation in winter and of the deciduary fruit trade in summer. A number of the new cars are in course of construction.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

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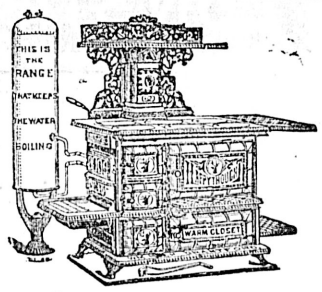

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

March, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on and after 1st April next, all persons sending advertisements for publication in "The British Columbia Gazette" are required to observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The British Columbia Gazette," or "The Queen's Printer," Victoria, B.C.

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions.

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, according to the following scale of charges, otherwise they will not be inserted, viz:

For 100 words and under	$ 5 00
Over 100 words and not exceeding 150 words	6 50
Over 150 words and not exceeding 200 words	8 00
Over 200 words and not exceeding 250 words	9 00
Over 250 words and not exceeding 300 words	10 00
And for every additional 50 words, 75 cents.	
Municipal by laws, requiring only one insertion, to be at one-half the above rates	
Advertisements in tabular form will be charged double the above rates.	

The above scale of charges will cover the cost of four insertions. Over four insertions, 50 extra for each insertion.

Notice is also hereby further given that all persons in arrear for advertising in the Gazette are peremptorily required to pay the amount of their indebtedness on or before the 30th June, 1895.

All cheques or money orders to be made payable to Richard Wolfenden, Queen's Printer, Victoria, B.C.

All parties applying for official documents are required to remit payment for the same, in advance, according to the following scale:

Consolidated Acts, 1888	per vol.	$6 00
Unconsolidated Acts, 1883	"	4 00
Yearly Statutes (4 sheep)	"	2 50
Sessional Papers	"	2 00
Journals of Legislative Assembly	"	1 50
Departmental Reports	"	50
Municipal Acts	each	50
Mineral or Placer Mining Acts	"	25
Land Acts	"	25
All other Acts	"	12½
Yearly subscription to Gazette		5 00
Single copies		12½

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.
mr26-1m

Victoria City, Victoria, Esquimalt and Coast Districts.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax and all Taxes levied under the Assessment Act are now due for the year 1895. All of the above-named taxes collectible within the Electoral Districts of Victoria City, Victoria, Esquimalt and Coast Districts, are payable at my office.

Assessed Taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz.:

If paid on or before June 30th, 1895—

One-half of one per cent. on real property.
Two per cent. on wild land.
One-third of one per cent. on personal property.
One-half of one per cent. on income.

If paid after June 30th, 1895—

Two-thirds of one per cent. on real property.
Two and one-half per cent. on wild land.
One-half of one per cent. on personal property.
Three-fourths of one per cent. on income.

Provincial Revenue Tax, $3.00 per capita (Victoria City excepted).

CORNELIUS BOOTH,
Assessor and Collector.
January, 2nd, 1895. mr26-1m

Tenders for a License to cut timber on Dominion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked on the envelope "Tender for Timber Berth No. 136," to be opened on the 13th day of May, 1895, will be received at this Department until noon on Monday, the 13th day of May next, for a license to cut timber on Berth No. 136, comprising a tract beginning in the South West quarter of Section 20 Township 21, Range 26, West of the 6th Initial Meridian, at the South East corner of the Bonaparte Indian Reserve; thence due West along the south boundary of the said Reserve one and one-quarter miles, more or less, to its South West Corner; thence due South one and one-half miles; thence due East one and one quarter miles, more or less, to a point due South of the South East corner of the said Reserve; thence due North one and one half miles, more or less, to the point of commencement, containing an area of 1200 acres more or less, in the said Province.

The regulations under which a license will be issued may be obtained at this Department or at the office of the Crown Timber Agent at New Westminster.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered Bank in favour of the Minister of the Interior, for the amount of the bonus which the applicant is prepared to pay for a license.

JOHN R. HALL,
Secretary.
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 15th March, 1895. mr26-1t

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Examiners for the examination of candidates for admission to practice as Provincial Land Surveyors in the Province of British Columbia will be held at the office of the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, on Monday, the 1st day of April proximo, as provided by the "Provincial Land Surveyors' Act, 1891."

TOM KAINS,
Surveyor-General.
March, 20th, 1895. mr26-td

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